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# Linguistic Linked Data: Paving the Way Towards Maximising (Re)Usability of Linguistic Resources



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**Acknowledgements:** Jorge Gracia, Victor Rodríguez Doncel,  
LIDER Consortium members

Directors: A. Gómez-Pérez, O. Corcho

Position: 8th in the UPM ranking (200 groups)

## Research Group (30 people)

- 2 Full Professors
- 5 Associate Professors
- 3 Assistant Professors
- 7 Senior Postdocs
- 6 PhD Students
- 2 MSc and BSc Students
- 2 software engineers
- 1 system administrator
- 2 project managers

170+ Past Collaborators

50+ Past Visitors



<http://www.oeg-upm.net/>

<https://github.com/oeg-upm>



@oeg-upm

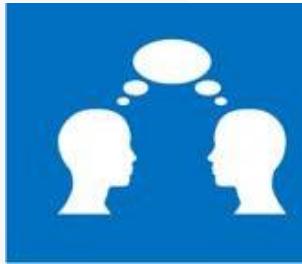
# Ontology Engineering Group at a glance

- Created in 1995
- World-wide known in the research areas
  - Ontologies
  - Semantic Web and Linked Data
  - Multilingual linked Data
  - Open Data
  - eScience
- **Projects (> 12M€)**
  - 27 EU projects (7 as coordinator)
  - 54 National Projects
  - 27 contracts with companies
  - **Awards: SUR IBM Watson**
- **Publications**
  - 106 journals
  - 362 International conferences and book chapters
  - 7 Books
- **Impact of publications H-index**
  - Asunción Gómez-Pérez (h:52, citations 16254)
  - Oscar Corcho García (h: 38, citations 9087)
- **Services to the Spanish community**
  - Host esDbpedia
  - Host linkeddata.es
  - vocab.linkeddata.es
- **Awards and Prizes**
  - Aritmel, UPM, Ada Byron, Fujitsu, Open data, ISWC
  - SUR Awards Watson for Tech. Watch
- **Supervision of students**
  - 28 Ph.D thesis (9 awarded best thesis prize)
  - >150 MS.C thesis and BS.C
- **Events organization**
  - 11 editions of the International Summer School on Ontological Engineering and the Semantic Web
  - > 50 WS and tutorials
- **Standardization activities**
  - >25 @ W3C, ISO, OASIS, etc.
- **Mobility**
  - PhD students: 3-6 months abroad
  - Postdocs: 1 month every 2 years
- **Visibility**
  - Program chairs of ESWC, ISWC, KCAP, EKAW, TKE, TIA
  - Editorial board of Journals
  - Invited talks at conferences and events
  - Programme Committee presence
- **Collaboration with COM (Center Open Middleware)**

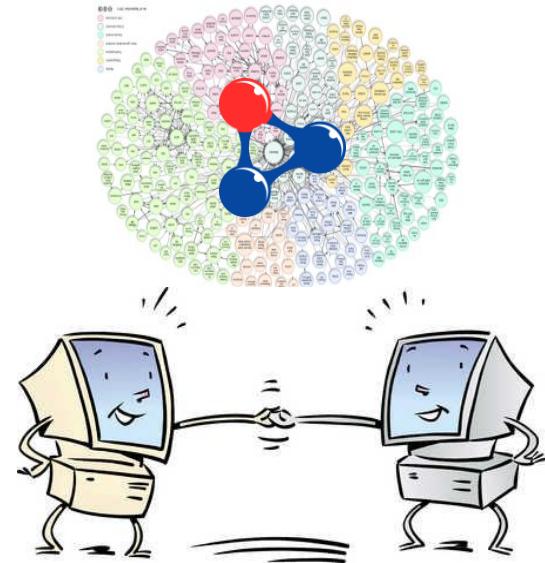


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Diccionario geográfico - Bloc de notas	
Añadir	Edición Formato Aviés
Actualizar	FORMATO GEOLÓGICO
ENTRADAS	
Nación	
Región geográfica	
Capital de nación	
División geográfica	
Comunidad Autónoma	
Límite de la Comunidad Autónoma	
Despacho geográfico	
Ciudad Capital de la Comunidad Autónoma	
Accidente costero	
Accidente hidrográfico	
Accidente marítimo	
Capital de provincia	
Capital hidrográfica	
Capital de conurbación	
Capital de concejo/principado	
Centro	
Comarca	
Capital de comarca	
Laguna aquática	
Costa fluvial	
Costa marítima	
Municipio	
Distrito municipal	
Capital de Municipio	
E.A.T.I.M.	
Lugar de población	
Capital de E.A.T.I.M.	
Paseo marítimo	
Puerto de montaña	
Centro de servicios turísticos	
Puerto comercial	
Turismo	
Holopuerto comercial	
Turismo deportivo	
Aeródromo/Aeropuerto	
Terminal de ferrocarril	
Zona industrial	
Estación de ferrocarril	
Zona industrial	



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**Outcomes of the LIDER project**

**Linguistic Linked Data permits multilingual Data Integration**

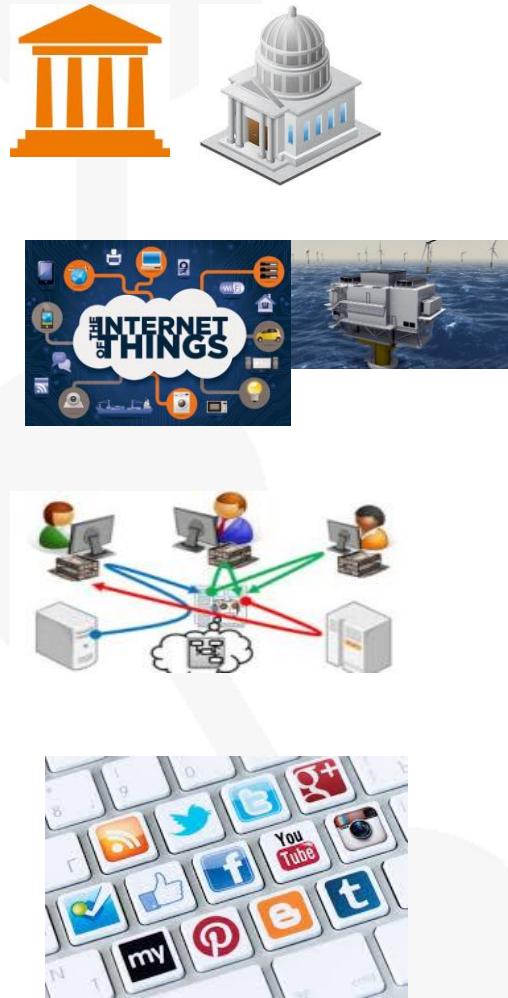
**Methods and Reference Architecture**



# Open Data

# A world of digital data

## Providers



## Domains



## Heterogeneous Formats



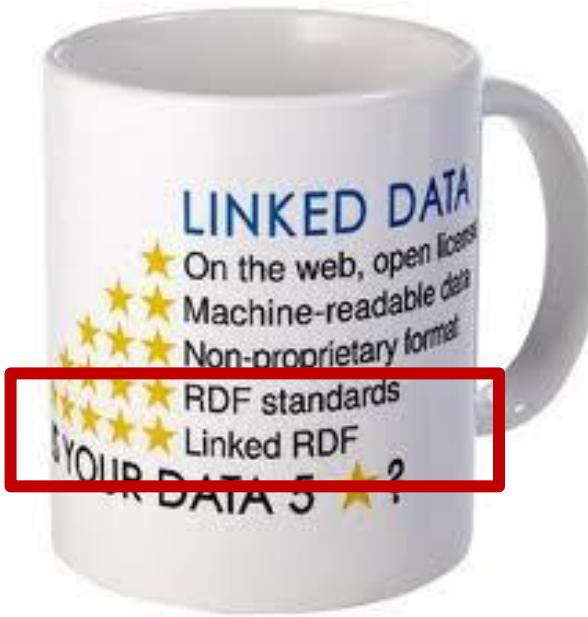
## Languages



## Licenses



# The Open Data stars



- ★ Make your stuff available on the Web (whatever format) under an open license
- ★★ Make it available as structured data (e.g., Excel instead of image scan or a table)
- ★★★ Use non-proprietary formats (e.g., CSV instead of Excel)
- ★★★★ Use URIs to identify things, so that people can point at your stuff
- ★★★★★ Link your data to other data to provide context



REAL ACADEMIA ESPAÑOLA

La institución   Obras académicas   Biblioteca y Archivo   Consultas lingüísticas

Inicio > Recursos > Diccionarios > Diccionario de la lengua española

## Diccionario de la lengua española

El *Diccionario de la lengua española* (DRAE) es la obra de referencia de la Academia. La edición actual —la 22.<sup>a</sup>, publicada en 2001— incluye más de 88 000 entradas.

red



á é í ó ú ù ñ

Ayuda

**red.**

Artículo enmendado

(Del lat. *rete*).

1. f. Aparejo hecho con hilos, cuerdas o alambres trabados en forma de mallas, y convenientemente dispuesto para pescar, cazar, cercar, sujetar, etc.

2. f. Labor o tejido de mallas.

3. f. **redecilla** (II prenda de malla para el pelo).

4. f. Lugar donde se vende pan u otras cosas que se dan por entre verjas.

In Bod

A free/

Macedon

red

red.

(Del lat. *rete*)

1. f. Aparejo  
forma de malla  
cazar, cercar

2. f. Labor o

3. f. **redecilla**

4. f. Lugar donde se venden pan u otras cosas que se dan por entre verjas.

g standards



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# RDF on the Web



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## Apertium RDF EN-ES

Followers  
0

### Organization



### Ontology Engineering Group (UPM)

The Ontology Engineering Group (OEG) is based at the

[Dataset](#)   [Groups](#)   [Activity Stream](#)

## Apertium RDF EN-ES

RDF version of the Apertium bilingual dictionary EN-ES. The original dataset (in LMP format) is from <http://hdl.handle.net/10230/17110>. The RDF version of the lexica is modelled using Pleiades (<http://purl.org/net/pleiades/>) and the translation module (<http://purl.org/net/translation>). More information about the Apertium RDF datasets can be found at the [Apertium RDF datasets page](http://linguistic.linkeddata.es/apertium/).

### Data and Resources

#### English lexicon URI

This online lexicon not only contains the EN lexical entries but also provides semantic annotations.

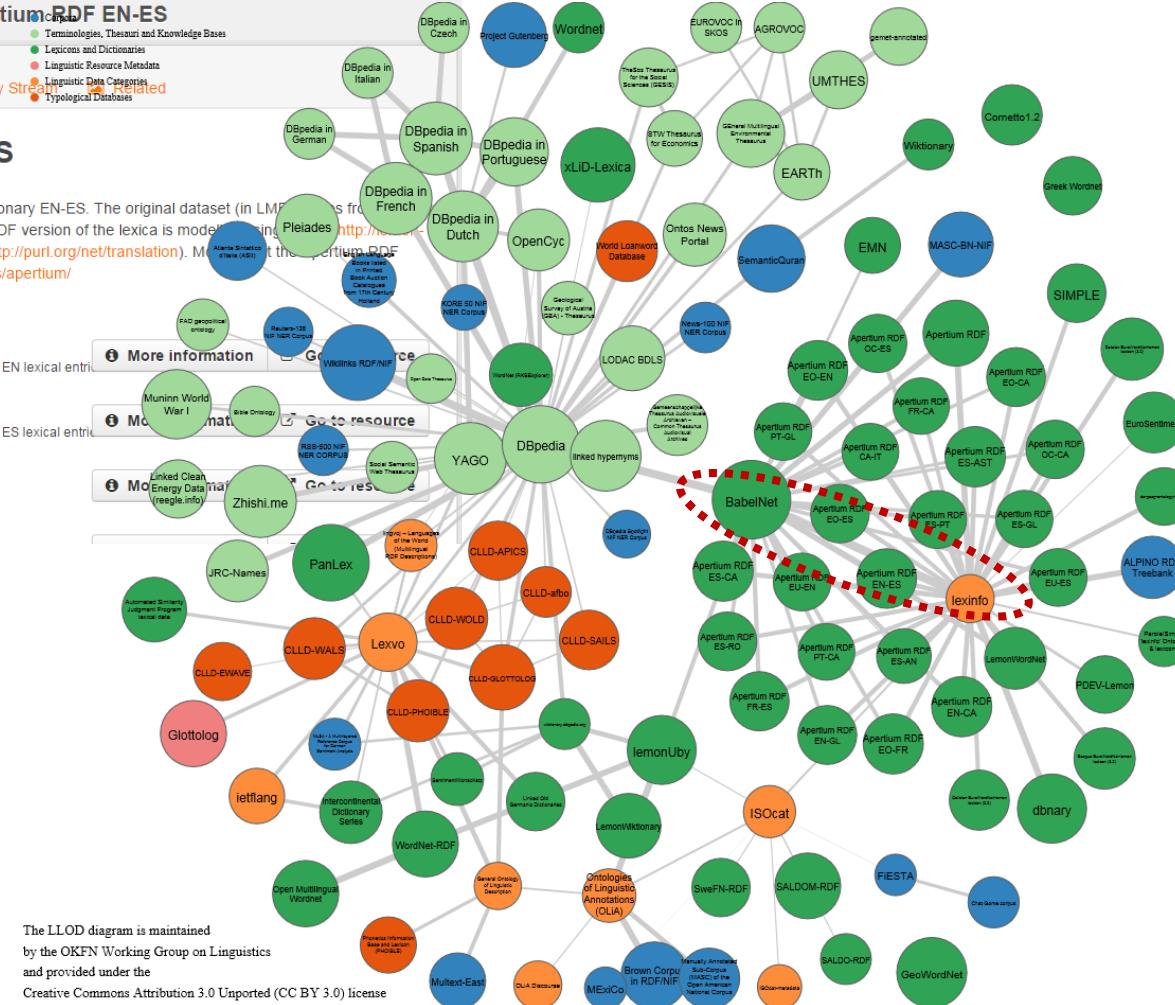
#### Spanish lexicon URI

This online lexicon not only contains the ES lexical entries but also provides semantic annotations.

#### EN-ES translation set URI

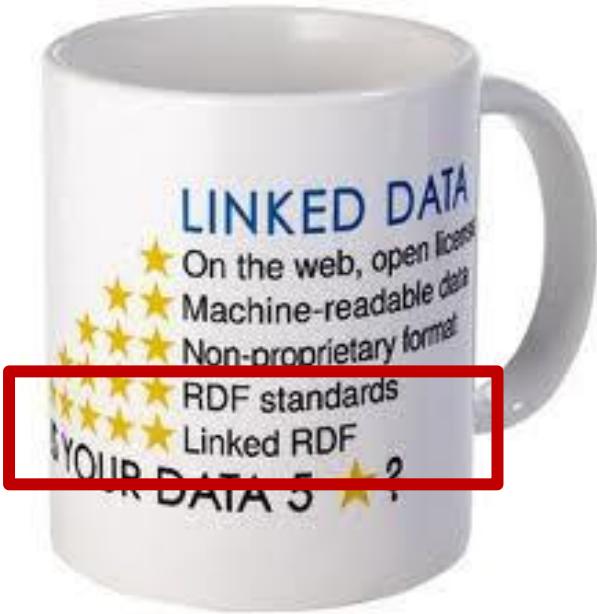
No description for this resource

#### SPARQL endpoint



# Linguistic Linked Data



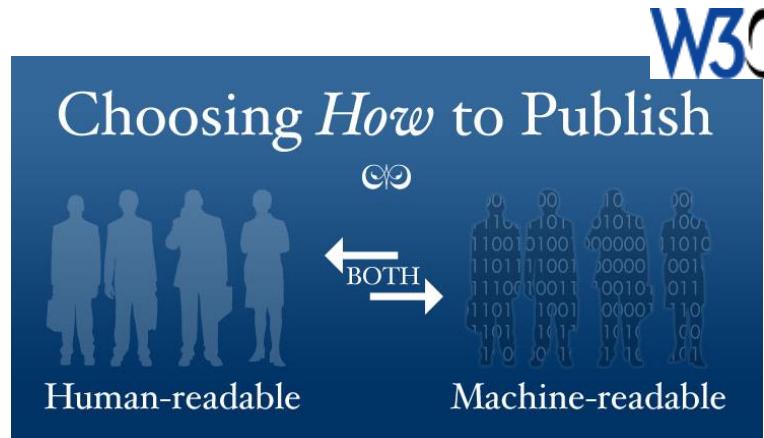
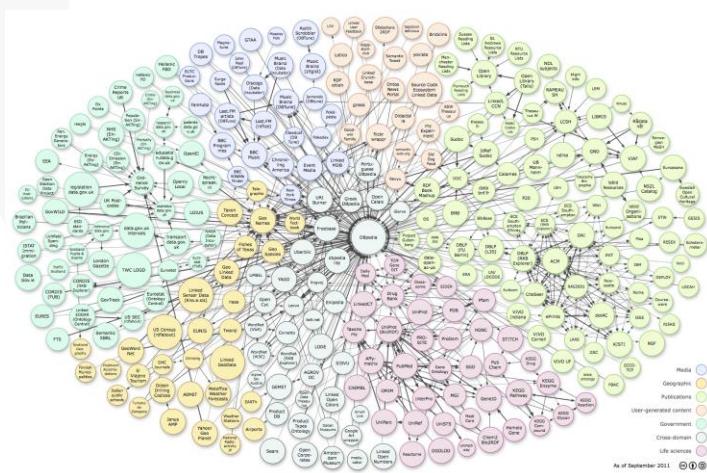


# Open Data

# Linked Open Data

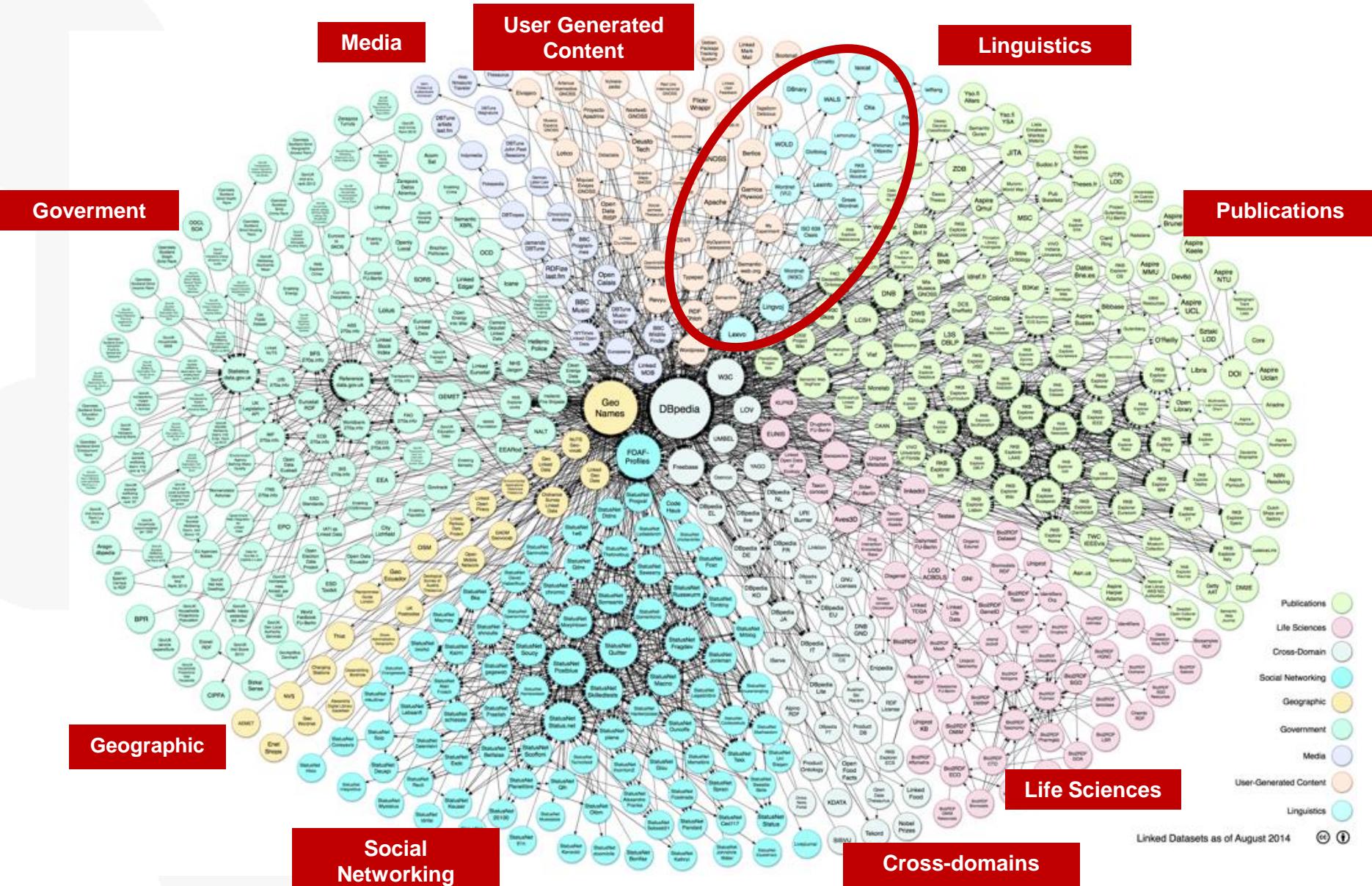
# Linked Data: why it is important?

- Facilitate data integration
  - From heterogeneous sources
  - In different formats
  - Different granularity
  - In different languages
  - From different countries

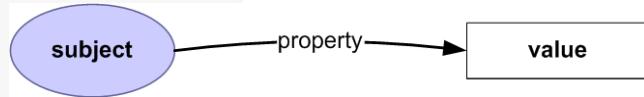


© Slide adapted from “5min Introduction to Linked Data”- Olaf Hartig

# LD domains in August 2014

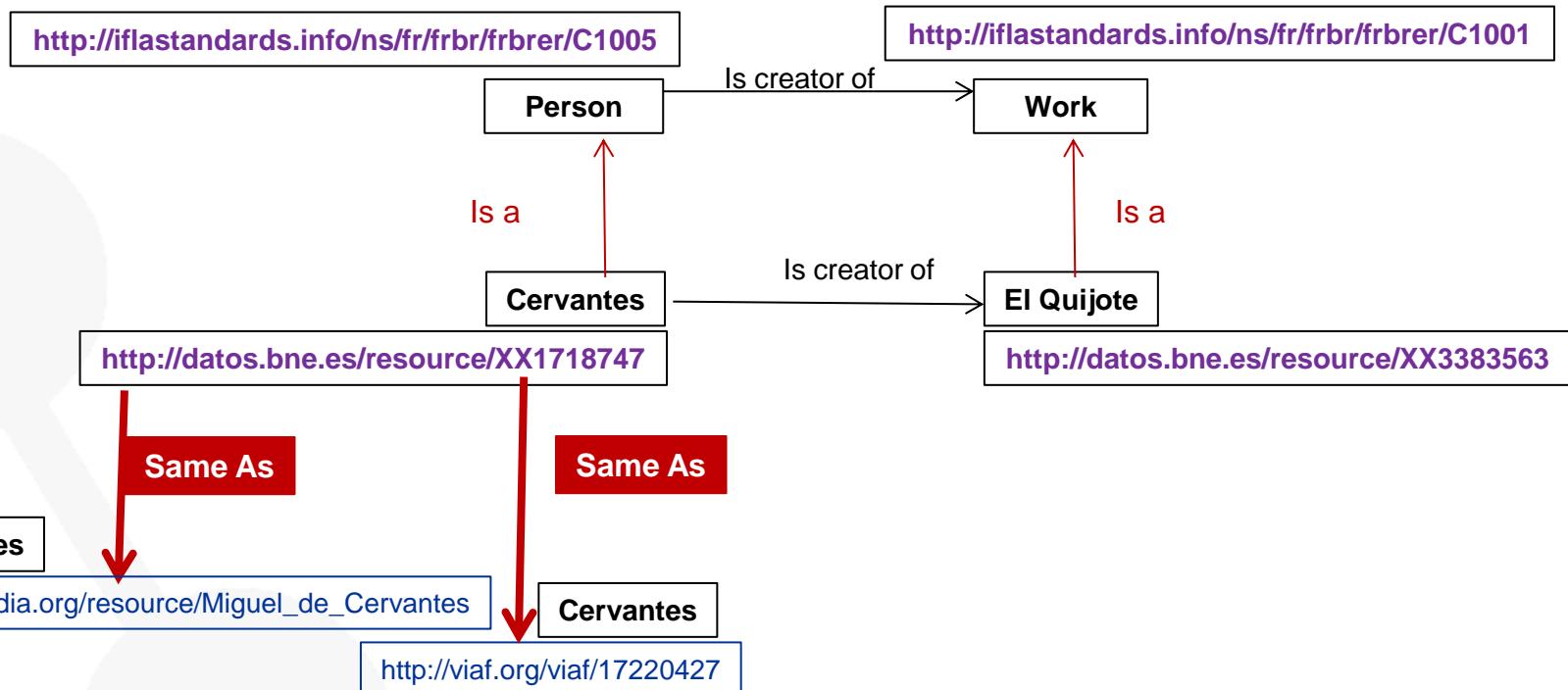


## RDF(S) models

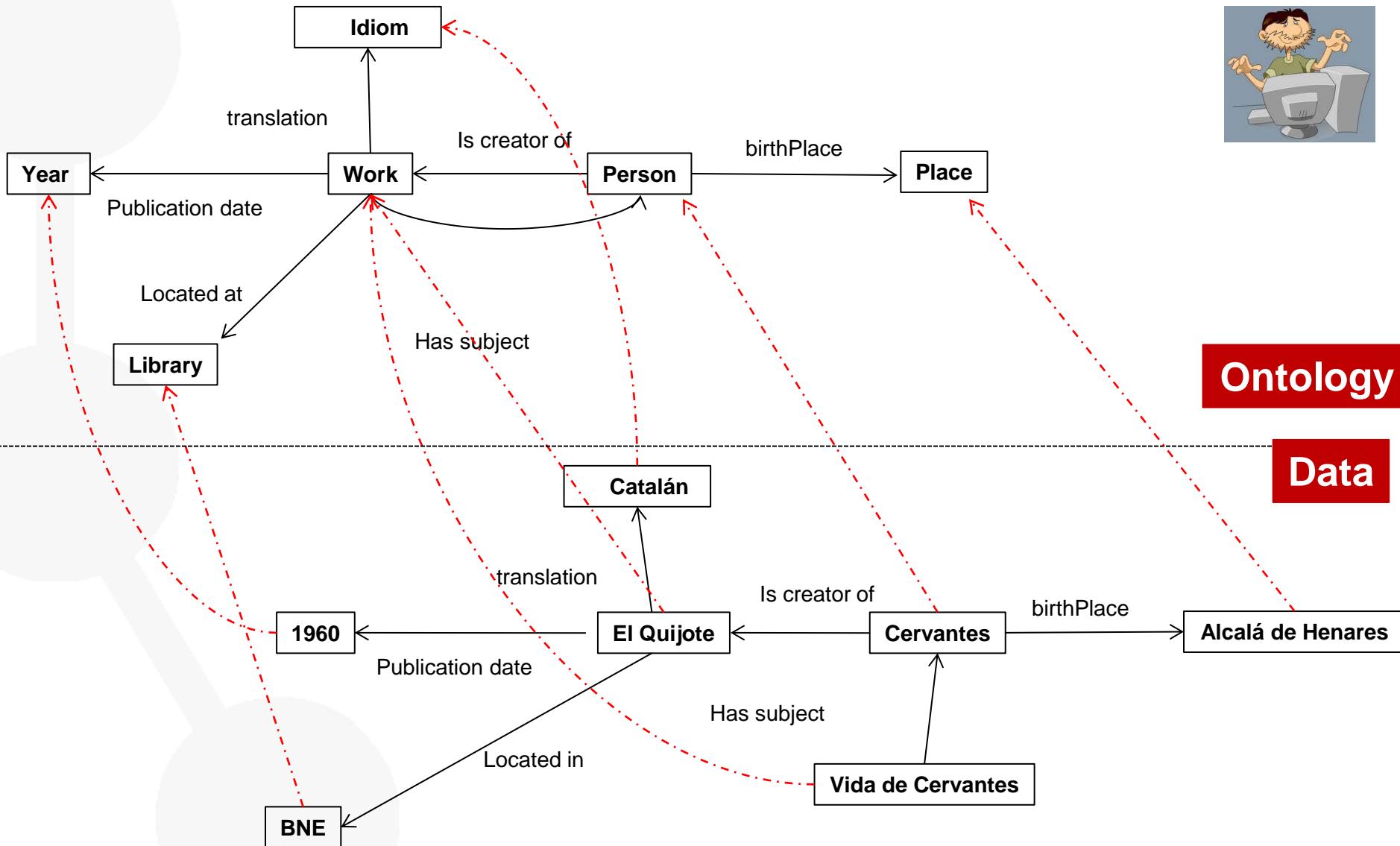


**Unique identifiers: URI**  
identify or name a resource

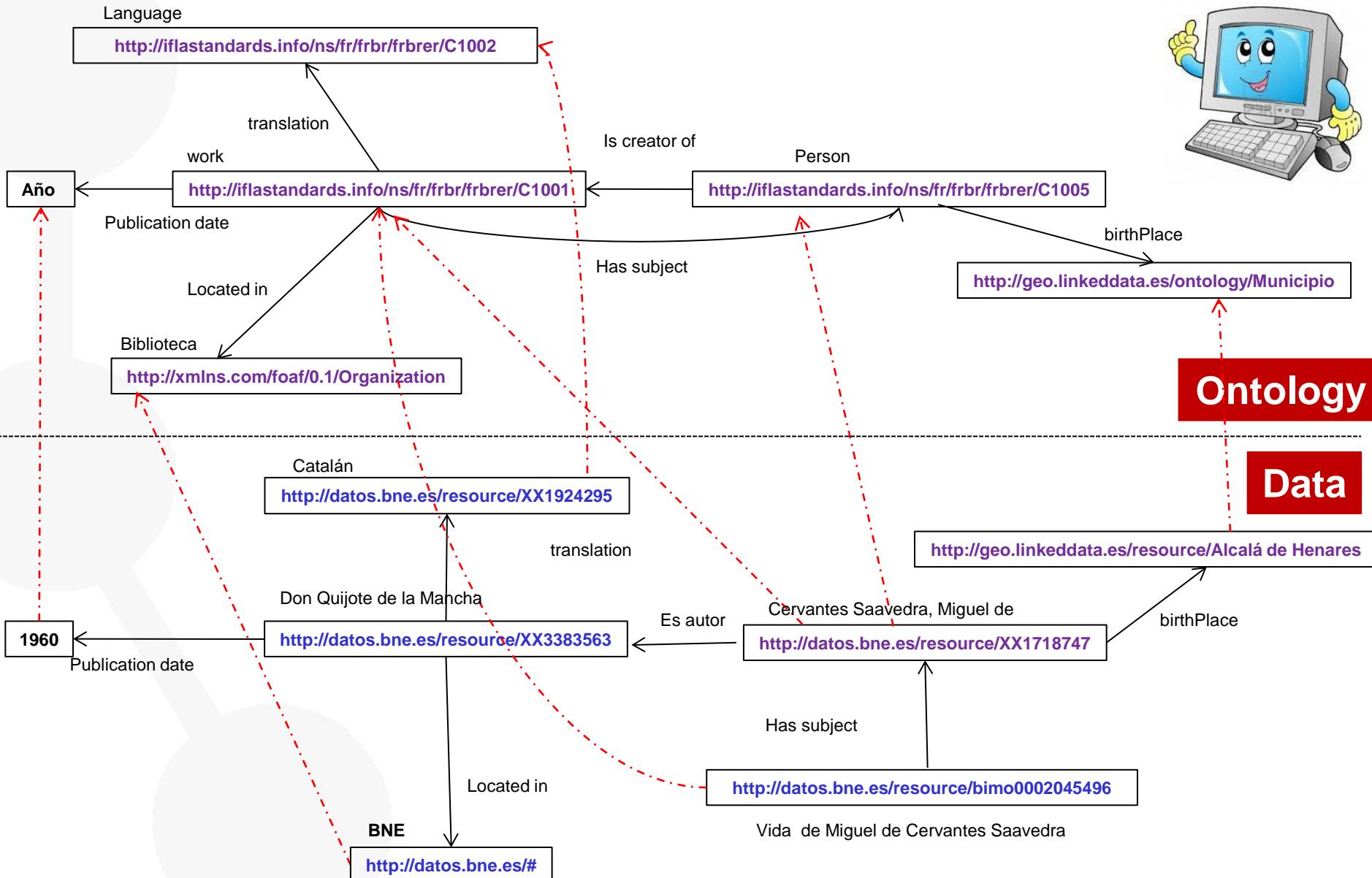
**Equivalence links to other datasets**  
Same As  
**Data navigation**



# The model (Ontology) and the data

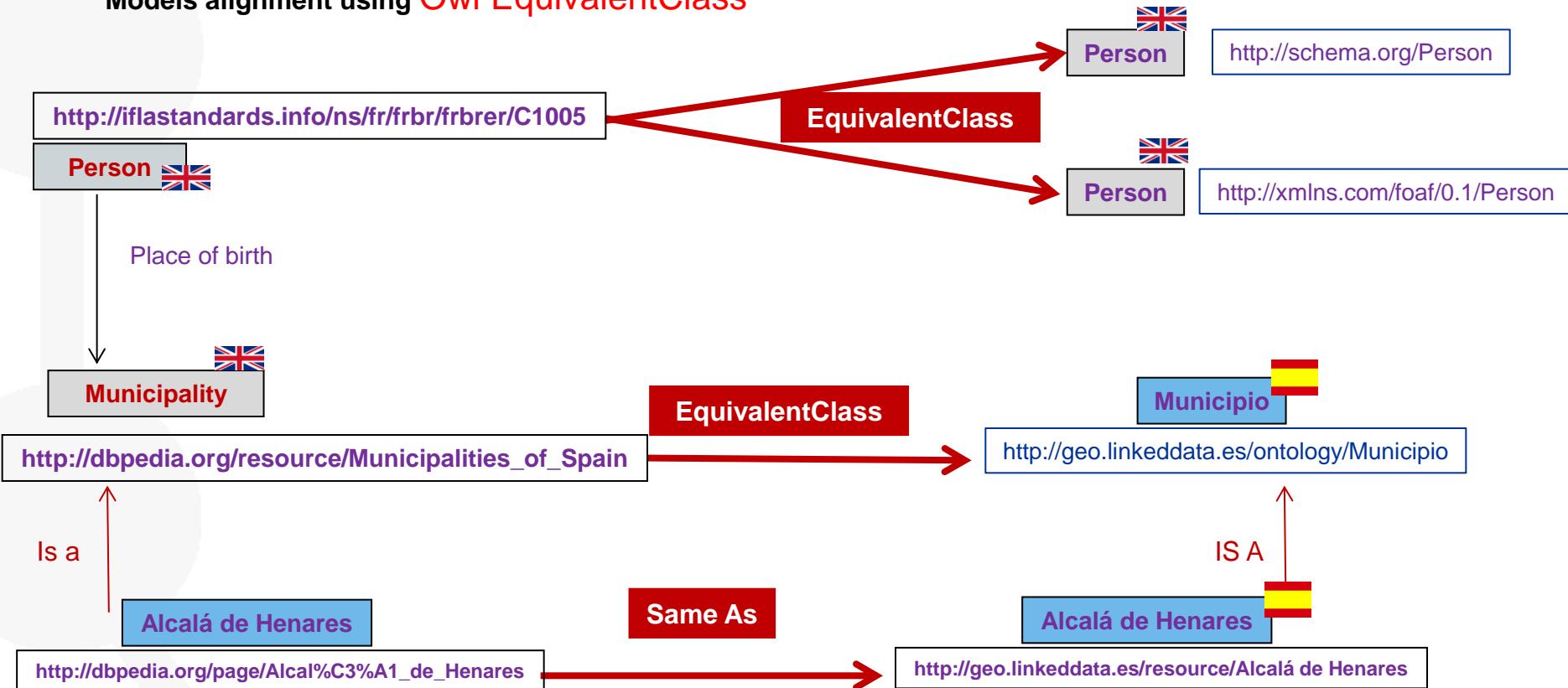


# Linked data is full of URIs

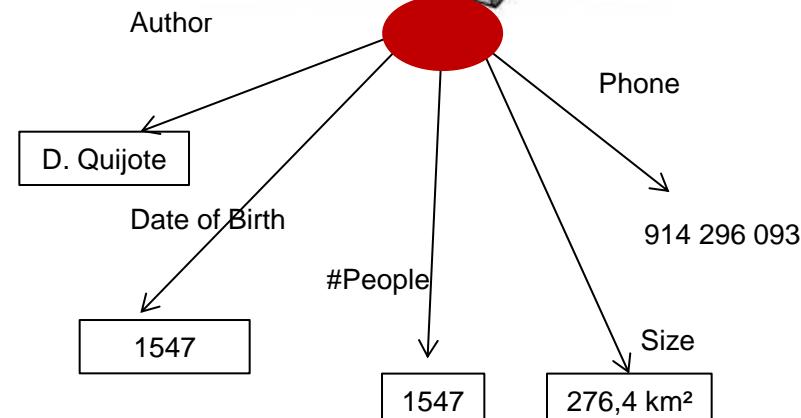
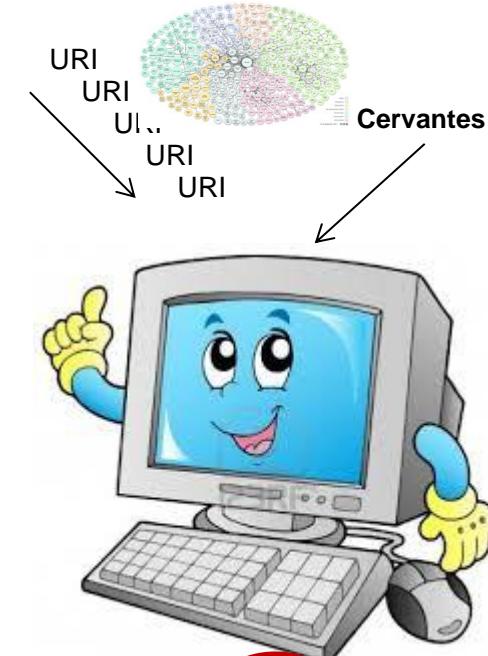
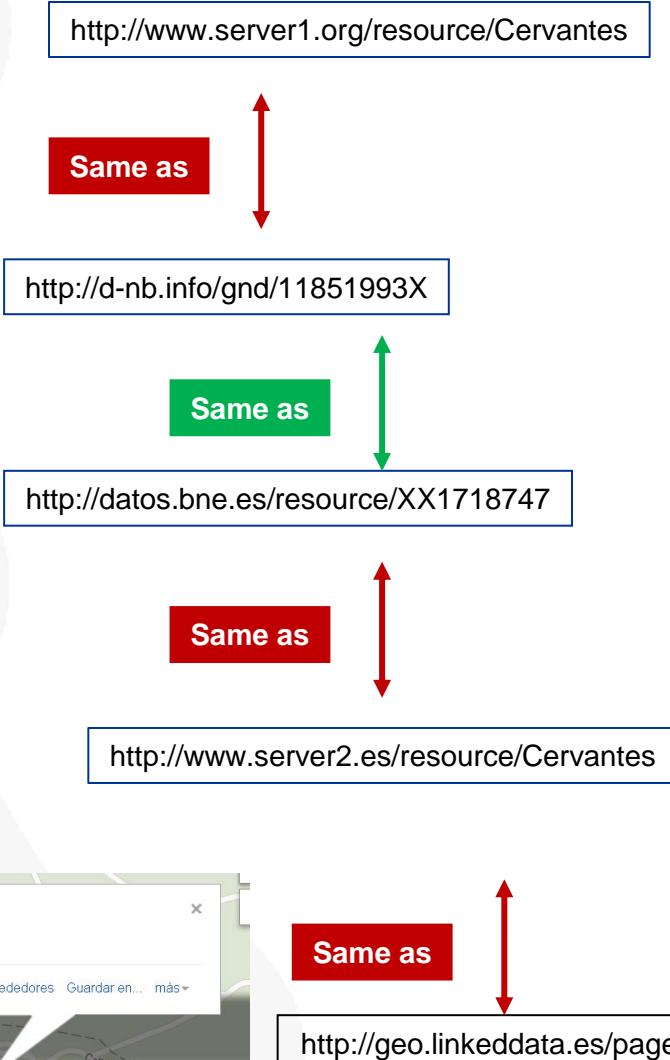


# Foundations: Linking

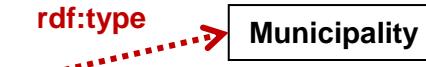
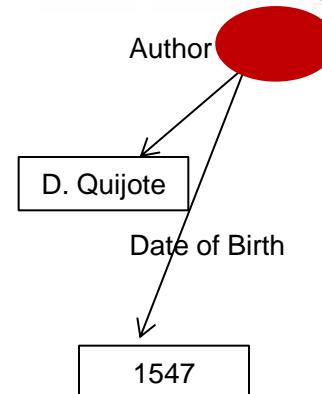
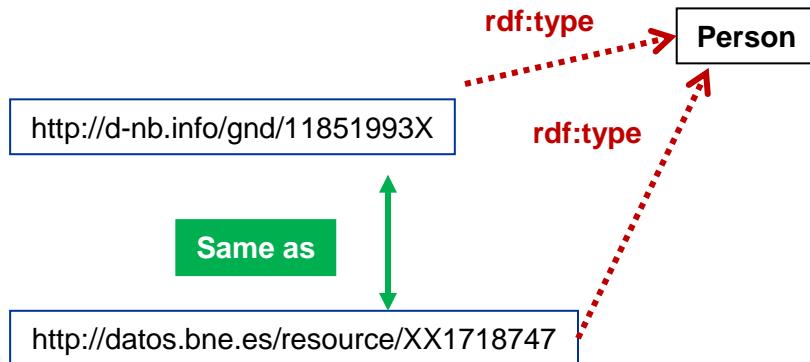
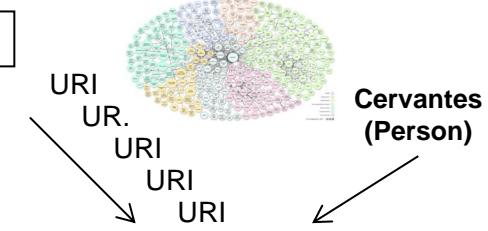
Models alignment using Owl EquivalentClass



# Linked Data without ontologies

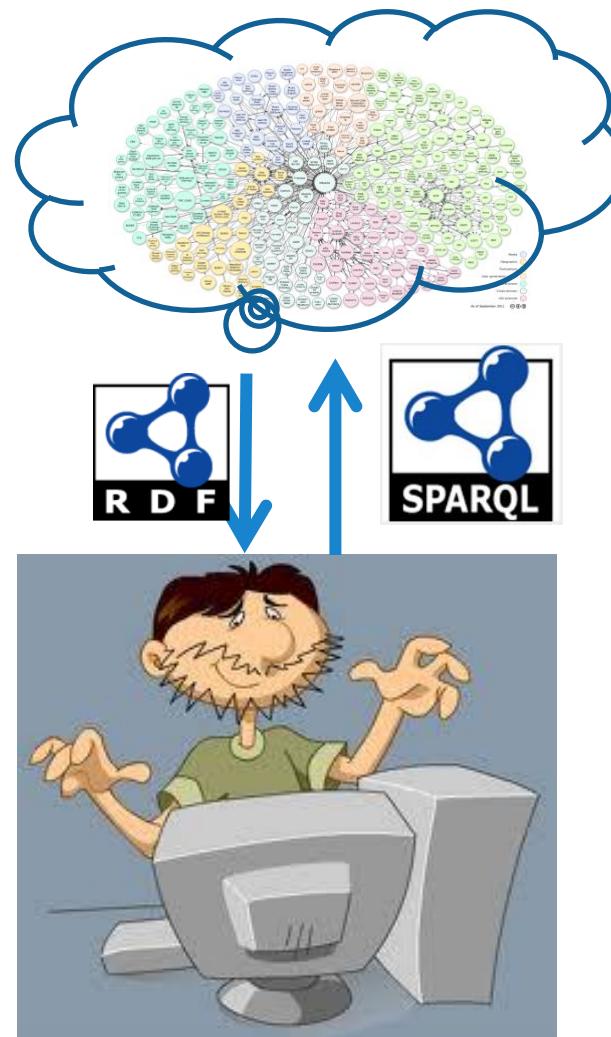


# Linked Data and ontologies



# Linked Data allows uniform access

1. Agree on **vocabularies** for describing metadata and domain data
2. Unified and standardized **language** for describing resources (**RDF(S)**)
3. Unified and standardized **query language** (**SPARQL**)
4. Standardized non-proprietary APIs
5. Links to other resources

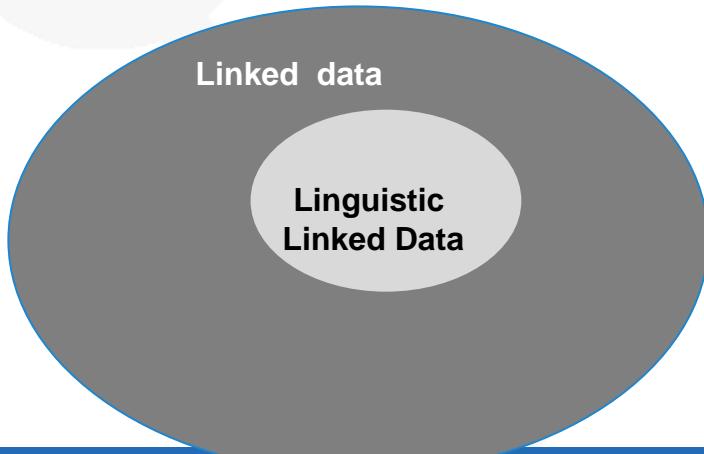




# Open Data

## Linked Open Data

## Linguistic Linked Data



Finding and reusing LR in third party applications is manual and time consuming



# Lack of interoperability of Language resources

- Ecosystem of
  - Open and Closed resources
  - Silos of LRs
  - Complementary resources
    - Lexicon, Corpora, Dictionaries, Grammars, ....
  - Heterogeneous formats
    - E.g, for Lexicons: Lexinfo, LMF, LIR, Lemon, ...
  - Several repositories with different metadata and schemas
  - Many APIs and services for querying



Discovery and reuse LR in third party applications is hard, manual and time consuming

# Use cases for LR Discovery

- Language metadata content
  - Give me bilingual dictionaries in Spanish, German , that accounts for grammatical number and gender with Creative Common licenses
- Language Resources content
  - Give me all occurrences in corpora of the token “bank” disambiguated as the WorNet synset [http://wordnet-rdf.princeton.edu/wn31/1084372\\_35-n](http://wordnet-rdf.princeton.edu/wn31/1084372_35-n)
- Language Services
  - Give me all RESTfull services that can extract terms from text in Latvian.



The screenshot shows the official website of the Real Academia Española (RAE) at [www.rae.es/diccionarios/diccionario-de-la-lengua-espanola](http://www.rae.es/diccionarios/diccionario-de-la-lengua-espanola). The page title is "Diccionario de la lengua española". A search bar contains the word "red". Below it, a list of letters (á, é, í, ó, ú, ü, ñ) is displayed. The main content area shows the entry for "red": "(Del lat. *rete*).". The definition is: "1. f. Aparejo hecho con hilos, cuerdas o alambres trabados en forma de mallas, y convenientemente dispuesto para pescar, cazar, cercar, sujetar, etc. 2. f. Labor o tejido de mallas. 3. f. redecilla (l prenda de malla para el pelo). 4. f. Lugar donde se vende pan u otras cosas que se dan por entre verjas." A red button labeled "Artículo enmendado" is visible. On the right, there is a sidebar with a blue header "REAL ACADEMIA ESPAÑOLA" and a detailed description of the dictionary's 22nd edition.

REAL ACADEMIA ESPAÑOLA

La institución Obras académicas Biblioteca y Archivo Consultas lingüísticas

Inicio > Recursos > Diccionarios > Diccionario de la lengua española

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red

á é í ó ú ü ñ

**red.**

(Del lat. *rete*).

1. f. Aparejo hecho con hilos, cuerdas o alambres trabados en forma de mallas, y convenientemente dispuesto para pescar, cazar, cercar, sujetar, etc.

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Ayuda

Artículo enmendado

REAL ACADEMIA ESPAÑOLA

La institución Obras académicas Biblioteca y Archivo Consultas lingüísticas

Diccionario de la lengua española

El Diccionario de la lengua española (DRAE) es la obra de referencia de la Academia. La edición actual —la 22.<sup>a</sup>, publicada en 2001— incluye más de 88 000 entradas.

red.

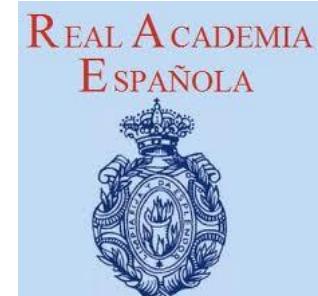
(Del lat. *rete*).  
1. f. Aparejo hecho con hilos, cuerdas o alambres trabados en forma de mallas, y convenientemente dispuesto para pescar, cazar, cercar, sujetar, etc.  
2. f. Labor o tejido de mallas.  
3. f. redecilla (l prenda de malla para el pelo).  
4. f. Lugar donde se vende pan u otras cosas que se dan por entre verjas.

Ayuda

# An example



<http://es.wiktionary.org>



red

- **Pronunciación:** [ red ] (AFI)
- **Etimología:** del latín *rete*

**Sustantivo femenino** [\[editar\]](#)

Singular	Plural
red	redes

1

Malla cosa que fue creada para unir o sostener algo

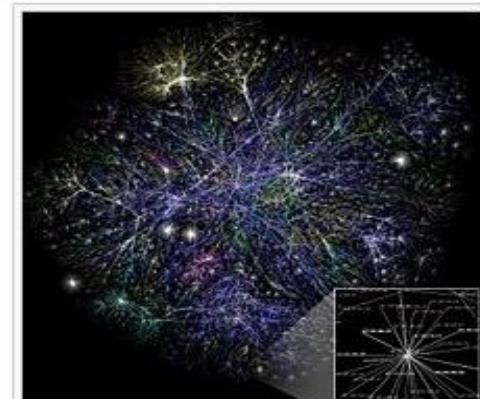
2

Sistema interconectado

- **Ejemplos:** (...)



[1] malla Raschel



[2] la red en 2005

**Véase también** [\[editar\]](#)

- Wikipedia tiene un artículo sobre **red**.

**Traducción** [\[editar\]](#)

- Alemán: **Netz** (de)

# An example



<http://es.wiktionary.org>



## Terminesp:red

Wikilengua

### Entrada de Terminesp

Este artículo es una entrada de la base terminológica [Terminesp](#). No se puede modificar, pero se pueden hacer comentarios y puede servir de base para un artículo en la [Wikilengua](#).

Búsqueda en Terminesp

Norma UNE

[Norma UNE \(Terminesp\)::UNE 21302-131](#)

Título de la norma

Vocabulario electrotécnico: parte 131. Teoría de circuitos

Término en español:

**red** ([artículo](#))

Término en alemán:

**Netzwerk (in der Netzwerktopologie)**

Término en inglés:

**network**

Término en francés:

**réseau**

Definición

En topología de redes, conjunto de elementos ideales de circuito y de sus interconexiones, considerado como un todo.

# An example

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL <http://es.wiktionary.org>. The page displays the word 'red' in large black text. Below it is a 'LISTEN' button with a speaker icon and the text 'ESPAÑA'. To the right, there is a logo for the Real Academia Española (RAE) featuring a crest and the text 'REAL ACADEMIA ESPAÑOLA'. The main content area contains links for 'definición', 'en inglés', 'en francés', 'conjugar verbos', 'en contexto', and 'imágenes'. It also lists inflexions: 'red' (n): fpl: redes. Below this, a section titled 'Diccionario de sinónimos y antónimos © 2005 Espasa-Calpe:' provides a list of synonyms and related terms.

**red**

definición | en inglés | en francés | conjugar verbos | en contexto | imágenes

**Inflexiones de 'red'** (n): fpl: redes

Diccionario de sinónimos y antónimos © 2005 Espasa-Calpe:

**red**

- malla, urdimbre, trama, tejido
- aparejo, almadraba, jábega, boliche
- trampa, ardid, celada, estratagema, artimaña, engaño
- organización, sistema, servicio, distribución

'red' aparece también en las siguientes entradas:

[alambrada](#) - [conducto](#) - [entramado](#) - [lazo](#) - [nasa](#) - [plexo](#) - [retículo](#) - [telaraña](#) -  
[trampa](#) - [tubería](#) - [urdimbre](#)

# An example



<http://es.wiktionary.org>



## Red de computadoras

(Redirigido desde «Redes de computadoras»)

Una **red de computadoras**, también llamada **red de ordenadores**, **red de comunicaciones de datos** o **red informática**, es un conjunto de **equipos informáticos** y **software** conectados entre sí por medio de **dispositivos físicos** que envían y reciben **impulsos eléctricos**, **ondas electromagnéticas** o cualquier otro medio para el transporte de datos, con la finalidad de compartir información, recursos y ofrecer servicios.<sup>1</sup>

Como en todo proceso de **comunicación** se requiere de un **emisor**, un **mensaje**, un **medio** y un **receptor**. La finalidad principal para la creación de una red de computadoras es compartir los recursos y la información en la distancia, asegurar la **confiabilidad** y la **disponibilidad** de la información, aumentar la **velocidad de transmisión de los datos** y reducir el costo general de estas acciones.<sup>2</sup> Un ejemplo es **Internet**, la cual es una gran red de millones de computadoras ubicadas en distintos puntos del planeta interconectadas básicamente para compartir información y recursos.

La estructura y el modo de funcionamiento de las redes informáticas actuales están definidos en varios **estándares**, siendo el más importante y extendido de todos ellos el **modelo TCP/IP** basado en el modelo de referencia **OSI**. Este último, estructura cada red en siete capas con funciones concretas pero relacionadas entre sí; en TCP/IP se reducen a cuatro capas. Existen multitud de protocolos repartidos por cada capa, los cuales también están regidos por sus respectivos estándares.<sup>3</sup>

### Índice [ocultar]

- [1 Historia](#)
- [2 Descripción básica](#)
- [3 Componentes básicos de las redes](#)
  - [3.1 Software](#)
  - [3.2 Hardware](#)
    - [3.2.1 Tarjeta de red](#)
  - [3.3 Dispositivos de usuario final](#)
    - [3.3.1 Servidores](#)



# WIKIPEDIA

<http://es.wikipedia.org>



<http://www.worldreference.com/sinonimos/>

# An example



<http://es.wiktionary.org>



Wikilengua del español

<http://www.wikilengua.org/index.php/Terminesp:red>



WIKIPEDIA

<http://es.wikipedia.org>

“Red”  
(computer  
network)



<http://rae.es>



wR



<http://www.wordreference.com/sinonimos/>

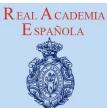


“Red”  
Pronunciation: [red]  
Grammar category: sustantivo femenino  
Singular: “red”  
Plural: “redes”

Wikilengua del español

“Red”  
Norm: UNE 21302-131  
English: network  
German: Netzwerk

## Complementary but not connected



“Red”  
Etimología Del latin “rete”  
Gender: “f”  
Definition.: “Conjunto de ordenadores o de equipos informáticos conectados entre sí....”

wR



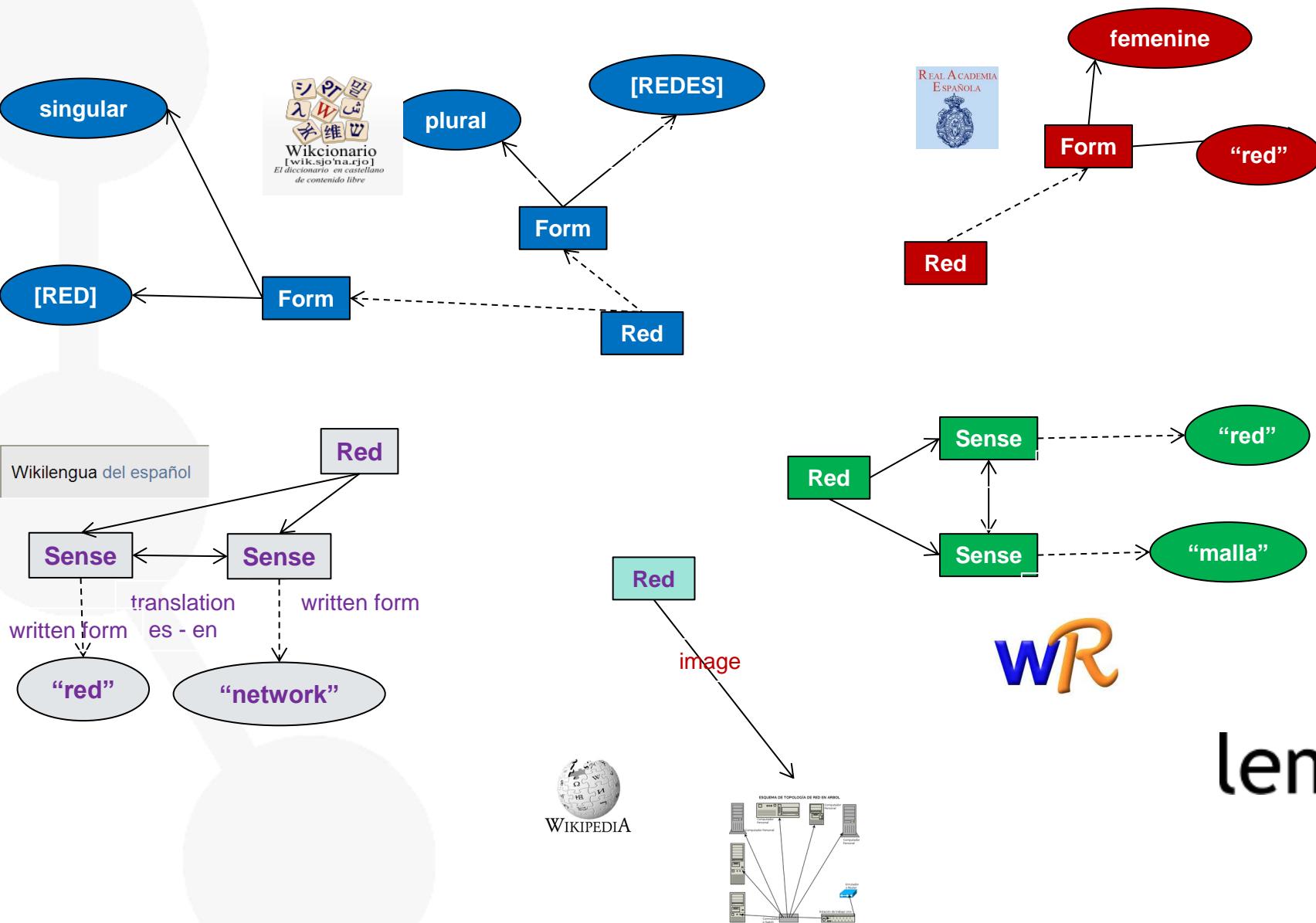
WIKIPEDIA

“Red\_de\_computadores”  
Category: redes informáticas  
Image



“Red”  
Sinonyms: “sistema”, “malla”, “distribución”

# LD allows linguistic data integration



# Linguistic Linked Licensed Data



www.lider-project.eu

# 3LD



## Linguistic Linked Licensed Data

*Language resources  
such as:*

- Lexica
- Corpora
- Dictionaries ..

*Using **RDF** and  
standard data  
models  
(vocabularies):*

- Lexica  lemon
- Corpora  NLP Interchange Format

*Published along with  
a machine-readable  
license.*

 **ODRL**  
**Open Digital Rights Language**

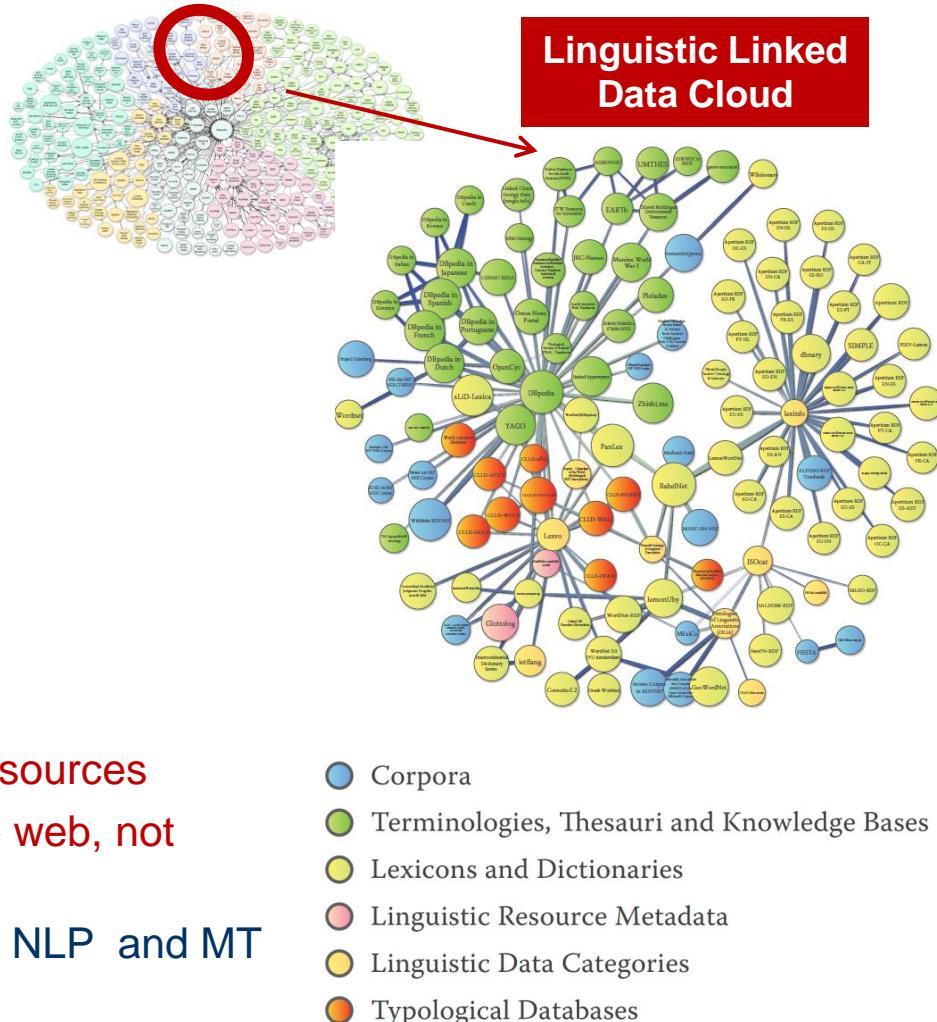
 **creative  
commons**

## Linked Data interconnects data from resources

- In many domains
- In many languages
- Open and closed License
- Links with other datasets

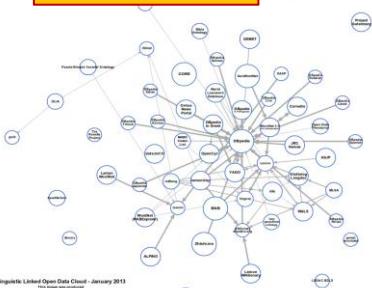
## Linguistic Linked Data Cloud

- Subset of LOD
- Linguistic domain
- Many type of resources
- Interconnected with other Language Resources
- Enables the lexicalization of data on the web, not necessarily data in the LD format
- Enables a new generation of LD-aware NLP and MT Services

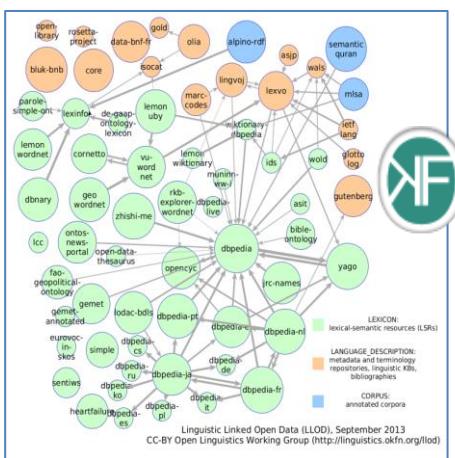


# Linguistic Linked Data Evolution

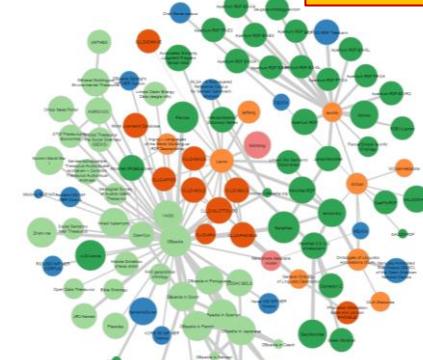
Jan. 2013



Sept. 2013



Sept. 2014

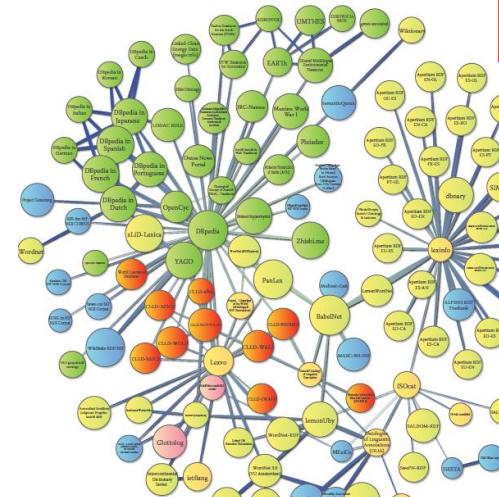


4

Nov. 2015

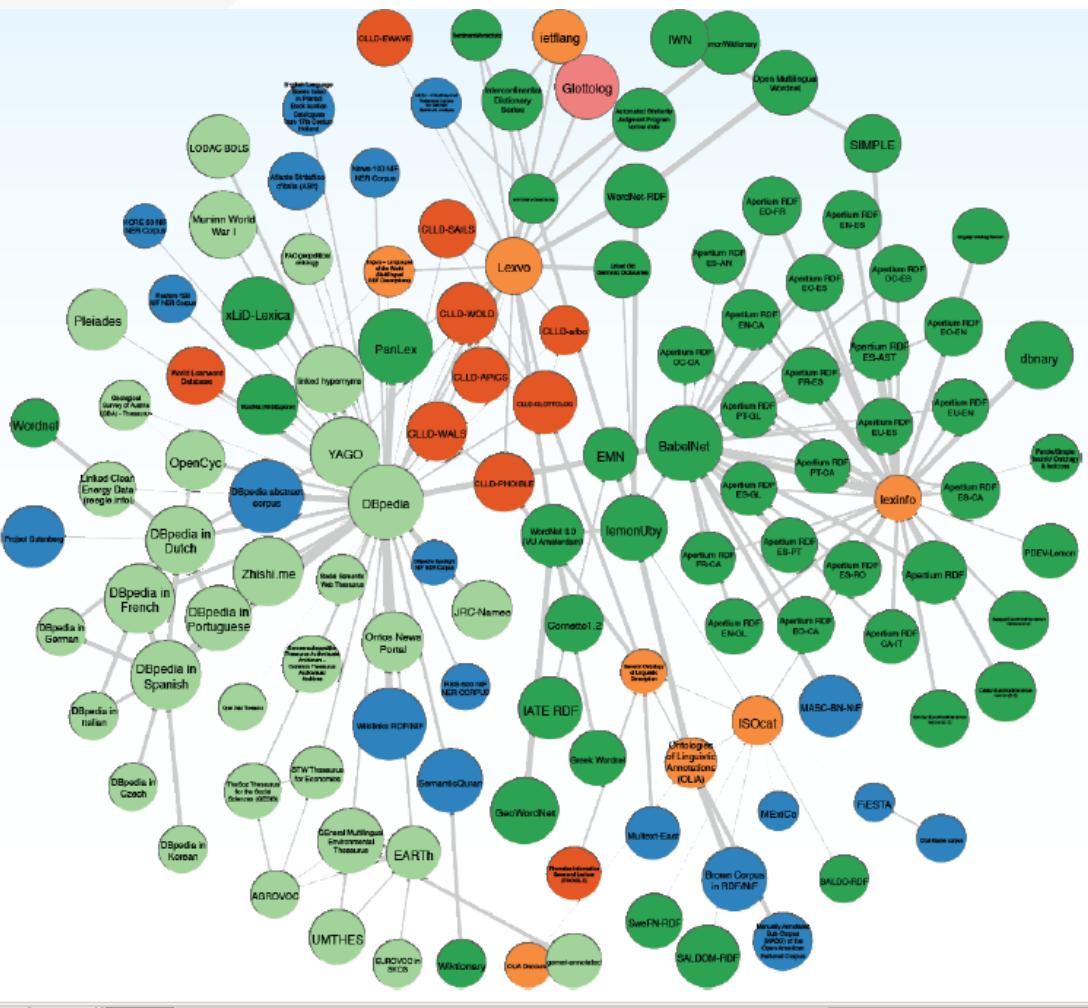


April. 2015



# Linguistic Linked Licensed Data @ Nov 2014

- Corpora
- Terminologies, Thesauri and Knowledge Bases
- Lexicons and Dictionaries
- Linguistic Resource Metadata
- Linguistic Data Categories
- Typological Databases



## LLOD Cloud in November 2015

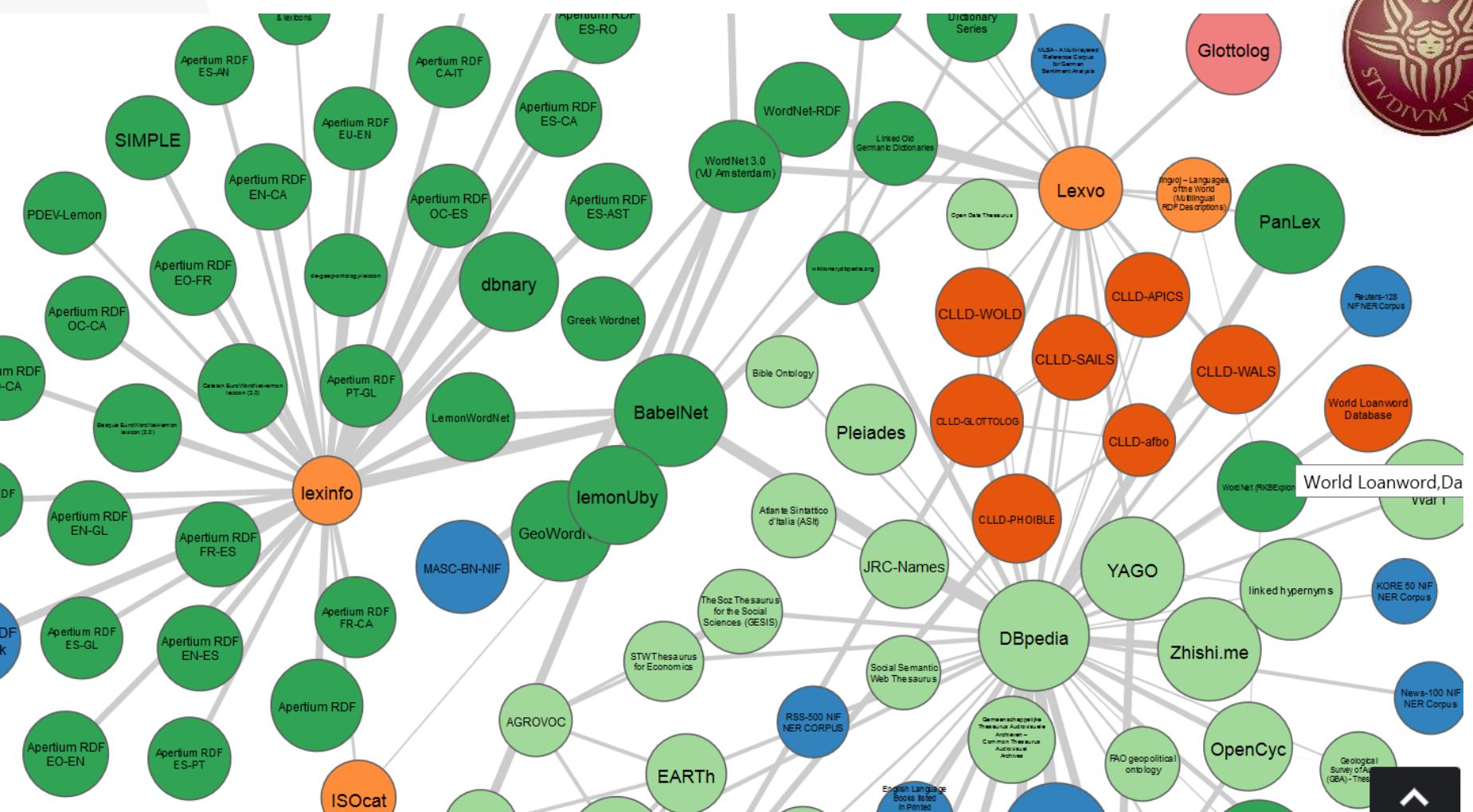
- 126 Resources
- 203 Links
- 20 Corpora

**Less Centralized:** Babelnet, LexVo and LexInfo new hubs

## Criteria for inclusion:

- **Resolvable:** URLs that resolve
- **RDF:** resolve to RDF
- **1000 Triples:** self-explaining
- **Links:** to one resource from the cloud or other 50 links
- **Crawlable:** get the whole resource by crawling
- **Linguistic:** data must be a language resources
- **Registered:** at CKAN

# The core of the Linguistic Linked Open Data cloud!

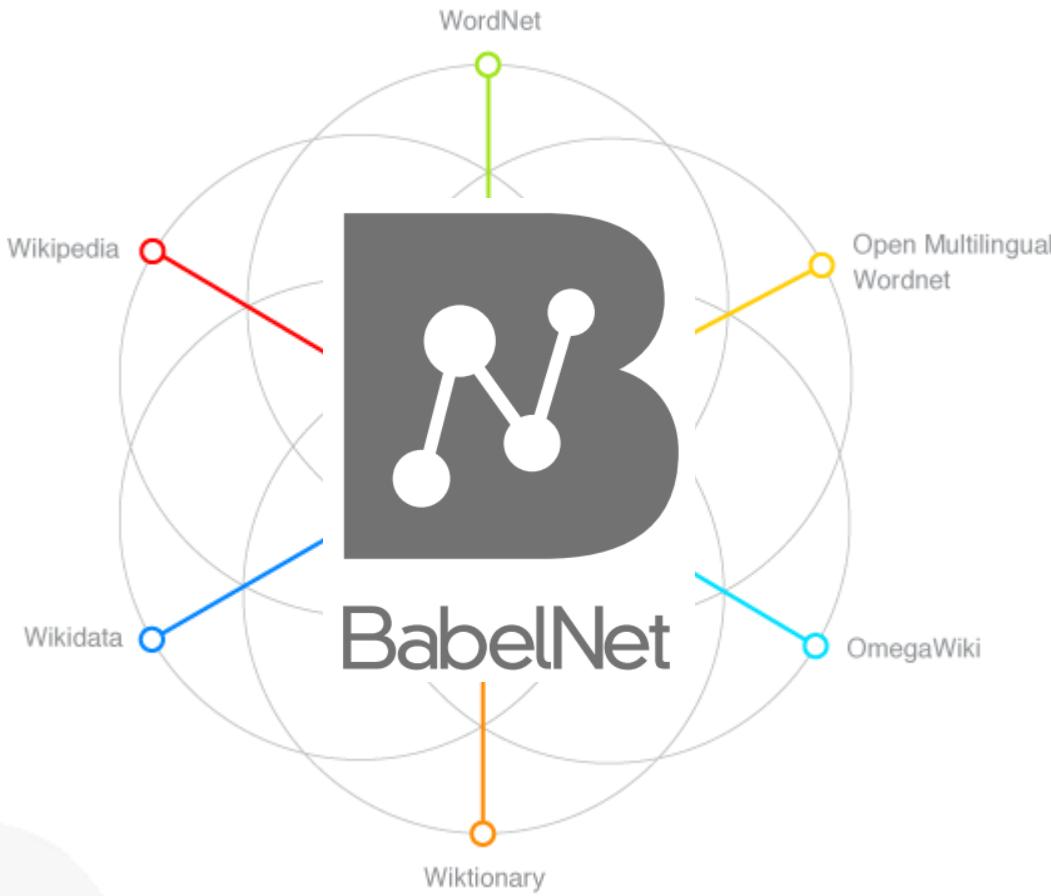


From Roberto Navigli (Sapienza University)

# What is BabelNet?



- A merger of resources of different kinds:



From Roberto Navigli (Sapienza University)

# Why do we need BabelNet?

- Multilinguality: the same concept is expressed in several languages
- Coverage: 272 languages and 14 million entries!
  - **6M** concepts and **7.7M** named entities
  - **119M** word senses
  - **378M** semantic relations (27 relations per concept on avg.)
  - **11M** images associated with concepts
  - **41M** textual definitions
  - **2M** concepts with domains associated



From Roberto Navigli (Sapienza University)

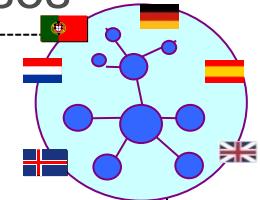
# Multilingualism and the Linked Data



## How to represent language in Linked Data?

- Traditional annotation properties for most cases

```
dbpedia:Ateneo_de_Madrid
rdfs:label "Ateneo de Madrid"@es .
"Athénée de Madrid"@fr.
"ате́но-де-мадри́д"@ru.
```



- Richer models for more demanding applications

### Association of the vocabulary to an external lexicon model

```
# LEMON
isbd:T1001 lemon:isReferenceOf [lemon:isSenseOf :cartographic].
:cartographic a lemon:LexicalEntry;
lemon:form [lemon:writtenRep "cartográfico"@es;
            isocat:grammaticalGender isocat:masculine];
lemon:form [lemon:writtenRep "cartográfica"@es;
            isocat:grammaticalGender isocat:feminine].
isocat:grammaticalGender rdfs:subPropertyOf lemon:property.
```

# Linked Data and Linguistic Linked Data

## 1. Agree on vocabularies for describing

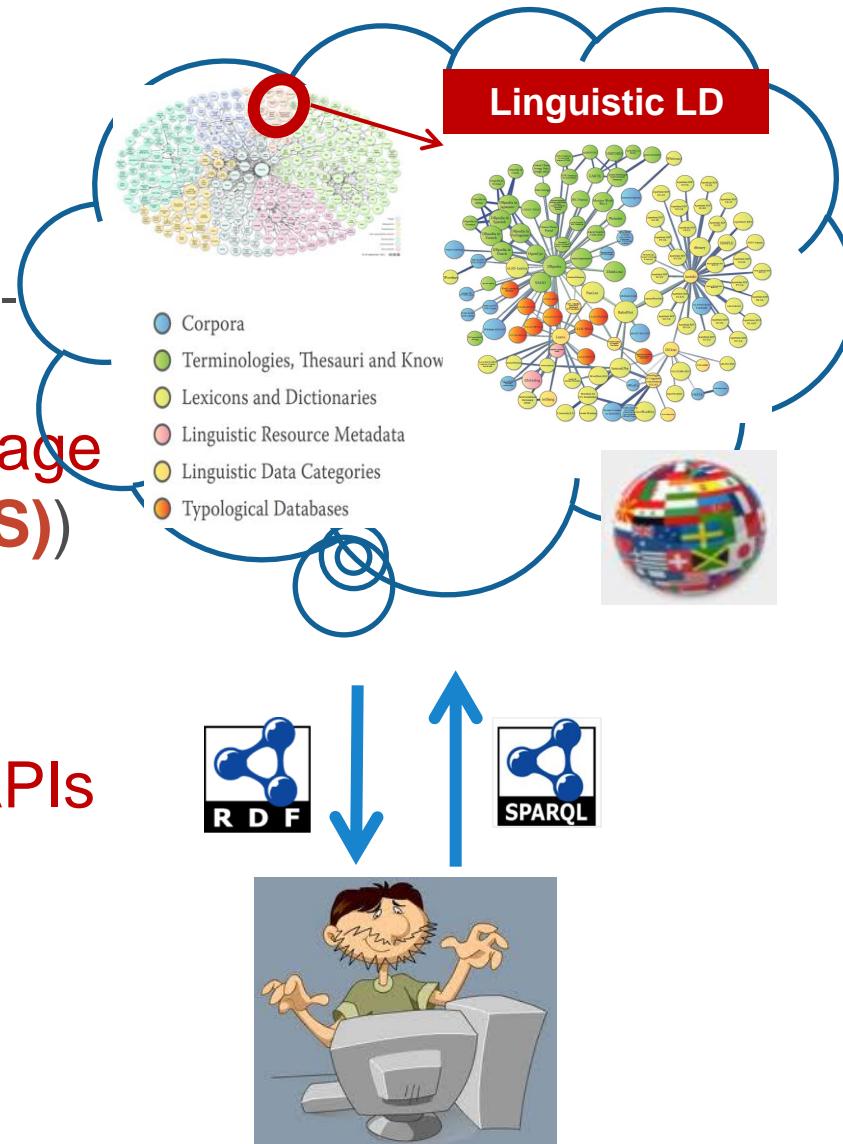
- Domain vocabularies
- LR metadata and content (Lemon-Ontolex, NIF, ...)

## 2. Unified and standardized language for describing resources (**RDF(S)**)

## 3. Unified and standardized **query language** (SPARQL)

## 4. Standardized non-proprietary APIs

## 5. Links to other resources



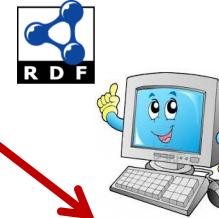


**Open Data**  
**Linked Open Data**  
**Linguistic Linked Data**  
**Linguistic Linked Licensed Data**



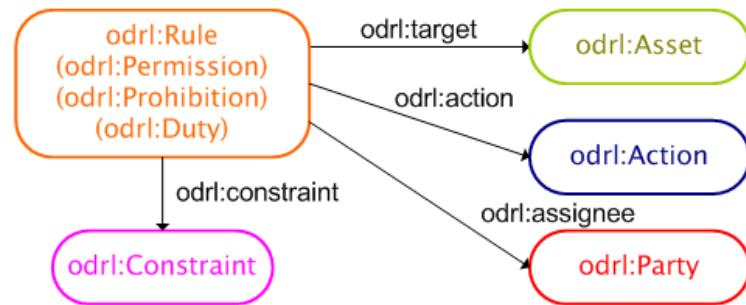
# Linguistic Linked Licensed Data

## How do we represent license information?



The screenshot shows a web browser window for Lexvo.org. The title bar says 'Lexvo.org - Resources'. The page has a navigation menu with links like 'Started', 'FAQ', 'Getting Details', 'Downloads', 'References', 'Legal', and 'Co...'. A large blue header box contains the word 'Resources'. Below it is a section titled 'Download machine-readable data' with a sub-section about an RDF dump file. At the bottom, there's a note about original data sources used to create Lexvo.org.

Rights expression in ODRL:  
Who [can|cannot|must] act what in which resource how



# Example of a license

The reproduction of a dataset is limited until the end of this year after paying 15€.

```
@prefix gr: <http://purl.org/goodrelations/> .  
@prefix dcat: <http://www.w3.org/ns/dcat#> .  
  
<http://samplepolicy/1234>  
  a odrl:Offer ;  
    rdfs:label "License Offering Paid Linked Data" ;  
    odrl:permission [  
      odrl:target <http://example.org/dataset/ds01> ;  
      odrl:action odrl:reproduce ;  
      odrl:duty [  
        rdfs:label "Pay" ;  
        gr:UnitOfMeasurement dcat:Dataset ;  
        gr:amountOfThisGood "1" ;  
        odrl:action odrl:pay ;  
        odrl:target "15,00 EUR"  
      ] ;  
      odrl:constraint [  
        odrl:operator odrl:lt ;  
        odrl:dateTime "2015-12-31"^^xsd:date  
      ] ;  
    ] ;
```



<http://conditional.linkeddata.es>

# Using Policies to govern conditional access to Linked Data

Example *of* access to Linked Data for a price (**15EUR** for the dataset or **0.01EUR** for a triple thereof)

```
@prefix gr: <http://purl.org/goodrelations/> .  
@prefix dcat: <http://www.w3.org/ns/dcat#> .  
  
<http://salonica.dia.upm.es/ldr/policy/cdaddba4-fc2e-4ee0-a784-e62f1db259bf>  
    a odrl:Set ;  
    rdfs:label "License Offering Paid Linked Data" ;  
    odrl:permission [ a odrl:Permission ;  
                      odrl:target <http://example.org/dataset/ds01> ;  
                      odrl:action odrl:reproduce ;  
                      odrl:duty [ a odrl:Duty ;  
                               rdfs:label "Pay" ;  
                               gr:UnitOfMeasurement dcat:Dataset ;  
                               gr:amountOfThisGood "1" ;  
                               odrl:action odrl:pay ;  
                               odrl:target "15,00 EUR"  
                           ]  
                      ] , [ a odrl:Permission ;  
                            odrl:reproduce ;  
                            odrl:target <http://example.org/dataset/ds01> ;  
                            odrl:duty [ a odrl:Duty ;  
                                         rdfs:label "Pay" ;  
                                         gr:UnitOfMeasurement rdf:Statement ;  
                                         gr:amountOfThisGood "1" ;  
                                         odrl:action odrl:pay ;  
                                         odrl:target "0,01 EUR"  
                           ] ..  
    ] .
```



<http://conditional.linkeddata.es>

# Linked Data and Linguistic Linked Data

## 1. Agree on vocabularies for describing

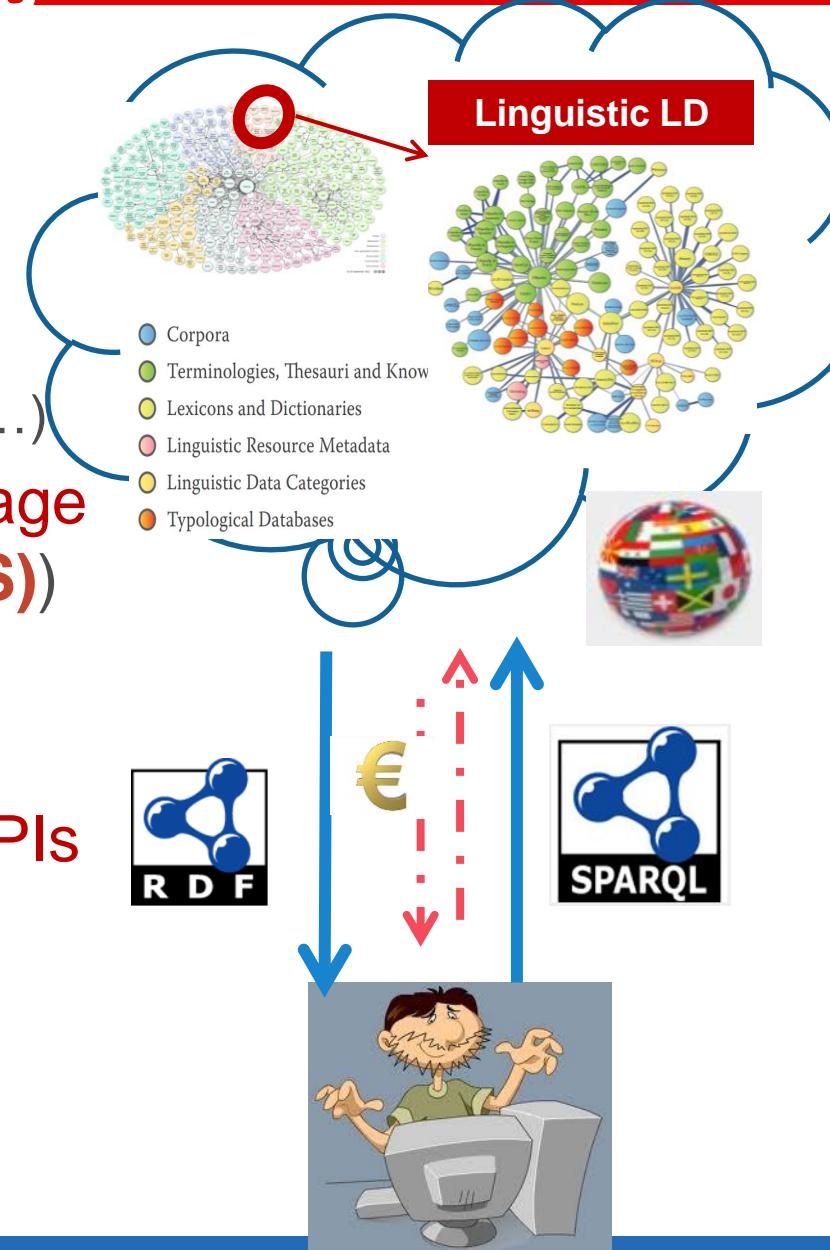
- Domain datasets
- LR metadata
- LR content (Lemon-Ontolex, NIF, ...)

## 2. Unified and standardized language for describing resources (**RDF(S)**)

## 3. Unified and standardized **query language** (SPARQL)

## 4. Standardized non-proprietary APIs

## 5. Links to other resources



**Open Data  
Linked Open Data  
Linguistic Linked Data  
Linguistic Linked Licensed Data  
Outcomes of the LIDER project**

# Discovery LRs metadata with LingHub

## Language resource metadata transformation and aggregation

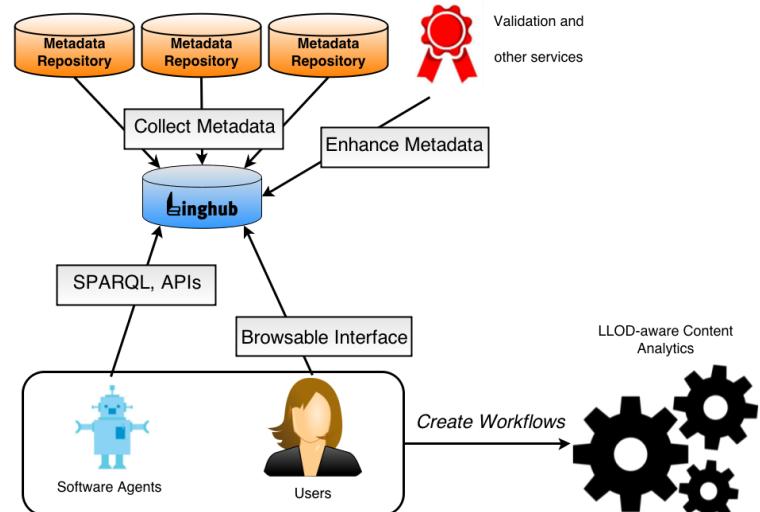
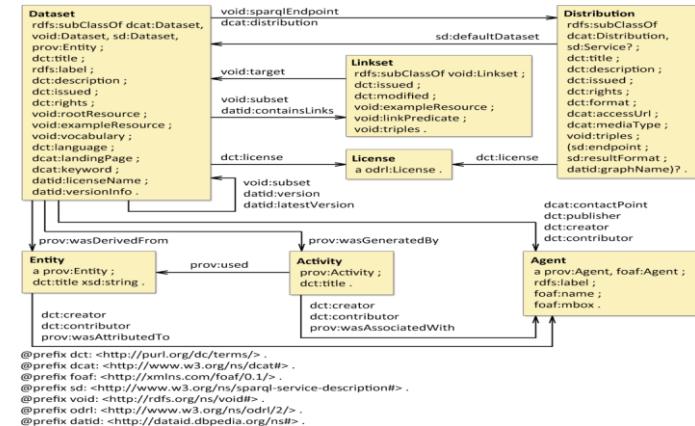
- Metadata OWL ontology @ LD4LT W3C group
- Exposure of Metashare, Clarin, LREMap, datahub metadata as LD

## LingHub

- Collect and Homogenice metadata
- Enhance metadata
- Helps you to search LRs



[www.lider-project.eu](http://www.lider-project.eu)



<http://linghub.lider-project.eu/>

# Conversion of 86 LRs data into LD

## 86 Resources transformed:

- Princeton WordNet,
- BabelNet
- IATE
- Wikipedia Bitaxonomy
- Terminesp (spanish)
- Termcat
- 22 Apertium bilingual dictionaries
- the Brown Corpus
- Wikilinks Corpus
- 27 wordnets from the Open Multilingual Wordnet
- 22 lexical resources for Swedish, including SALDO

## Use of models and guidelines from WP4 standardization activities

- Use of **Ontolex-lemon** Model from the Ontolex group at W3C
- BPMLOD@W3C **guidelines**

## NIF Refinement by the community

## Resources transformed by the community

- LDL 2014
- Summer datathon on LLD



[www.lider-project.eu](http://www.lider-project.eu)

# Best practices and guidelines (BPMLOD@ W3C)

## 8 Guidelines for Linguistic Linked License Data

- Generation of
  - Multilingual Dictionaries (BabelNet)
  - Bilingual Dictionaries
  - Multilingual Terminologies (TBX)
  - WordNets
- Corpus creation using NIF
- NIF-based NLP Web Services
- LLD Exploitation
- LLOD aware services

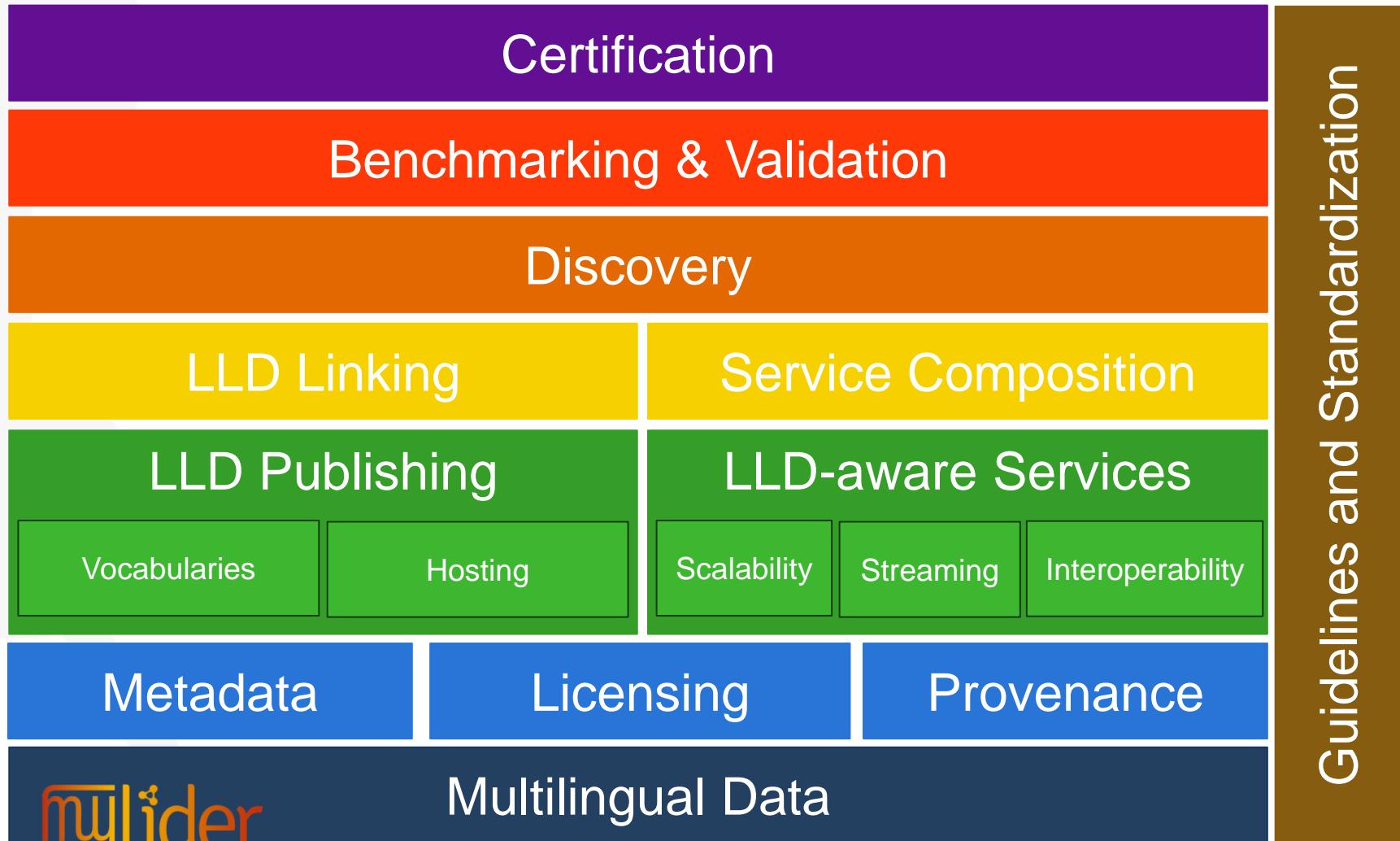
<http://www.lider-project.eu/guidelines>

## Best practices for Multilingual Linked Data Publication

- Practices for Naming (URLs)
- Practices for Dereferencing
- Practices for Textual Information
- Practices for Linking
- Practices for Language Identification



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[www.lider-project.eu](http://www.lider-project.eu)

# Reference Architecture and Reference Cards

Ce

Dataset description with DataID

Benchm

Contributing to the Linguistic Linked  
Open Data Cloud

This card describes how you can contribute

LLD Linking

Documenting metadata of language  
resources in Datahub

This card explains how to add some basic metadata to resources  
documented in Datahub

## Target audience and Scope

The card is intended for people who have a dataset in linked data and wish to document it in Datahub. This card extends the card "Contributing to the Linguistic Linked Open Data Cloud" by adding more details on how to document some basic metadata. See also, as an alternative, the "Dataset description with DataID" card.

## Registering with Datahub

Go to <http://datahub.io> and follow the steps in the "Contributing to the Linguistic Linked Open Data Cloud" reference card. As result, Datahub automatically creates an RDF metadata file for the dataset, based on the Data Catalogue Vocabulary (DCAT). This metadata file is accessible at

[http://datahub.io/dataset/DATASET\\_ID](http://datahub.io/dataset/DATASET_ID)

where DATASET\_ID is the identifi

LLD Publishing

Vocabularies

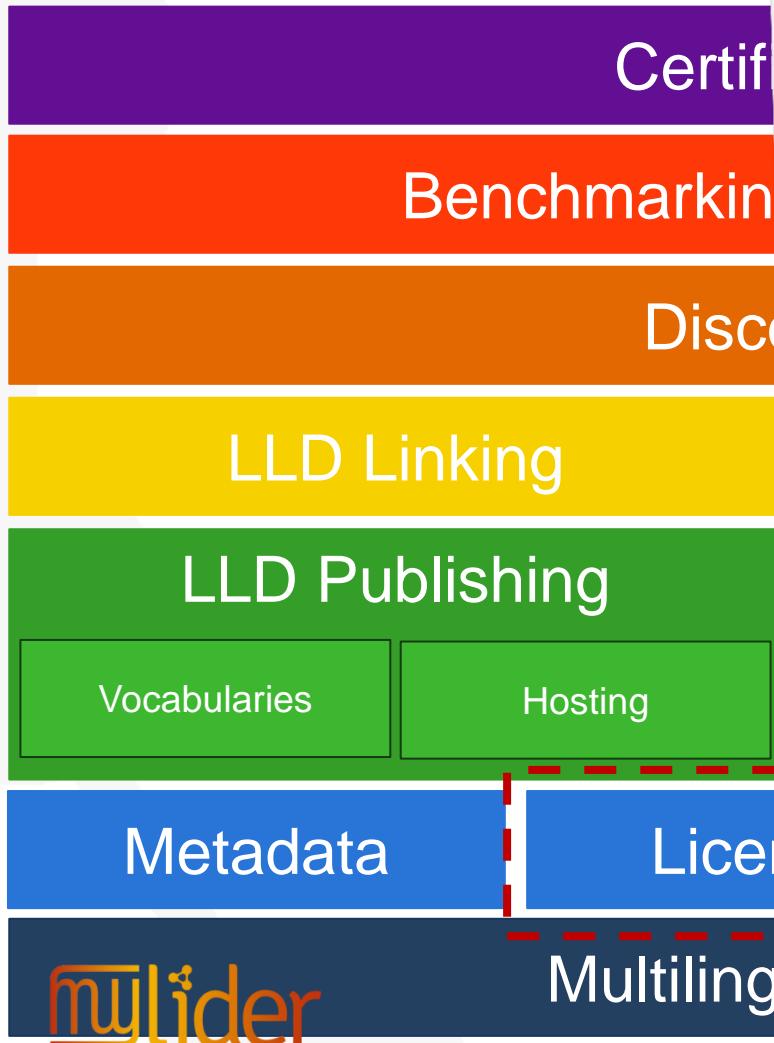
Ho

Metadata

**mlider**

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# Reference Architecture and Reference Cards



## Licensing Language Resources

This Ref. Card provides guidelines for licensing language resources and for writing ODRL rights expressions

**Recommendations for a Language Resource publisher**

**Choose a license**

License your resource. Unless your resource is published with a license, no one can use it. Licensing is declaring which uses you allow under which conditions. You can choose a well known license or specify your own licensing terms.

**Publish the license**

Make your license visible. Humans will need to know the license. Publish a visible statement, use an icon, include the full text.

**Include metadata records.** Use DublinCore or other metadata schema. If using RDF, add a triple like this:

```
<your_resource> <dct:license> <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>
```

**Advanced license declaration for RDF Language Resources**

**Use a pre-defined RDF license**

**Specify RDF licenses**

# Reference Architecture and Reference Cards



## GUIDELINES

- Multilingual Dictionaries (BabelNet)
  - Bilingual Dictionaries
- Multilingual terminologies (TBX)
  - WordNets

## LLD Linking

## LLD Publishing

Vocabularies

Hosting

## Metadata

## Licen

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Certific

## How to publish Linguistic Linked Data

Publishing data on the Web in a way that it can be easily consumed is a daunting task. The Web community has converged on the idea that Linked Data provides the best practices for publishing highly interoperable data. This card contains information about how to publish linguistic linked data.

## Linked Data Corpus Creation with NIF

This document describes best practices to follow for the generation of Linked Data text corpora, using the NLP Interchange Format (NIF).

### Target audience

Corpus creators and users seeking to make corpora interoperable and to publish them as linked data. Basic knowledge of RDF is mandatory for conversion. Basic knowledge of linked data and web server access is needed for publication.

### Scope

Conversion of existing corpora into RDF using NIF, as well as creation of linked data corpora from textual data.

### Core concepts

Corpus  
We understand a corpus as a collection of documents. Documents contain text represented as strings.

# Reference Architecture and Reference Cards

Certification

Benchmarking

Discovery

LLD Linking

LLD Publishing

Vocabularies

Hosting

Metadata

Licensing

**m**ulider

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Multilingual Data

## How to represent cross-lingual LD links

This card explains the basic mechanisms available to represent links between linked data in different natural languages.

### Target audience

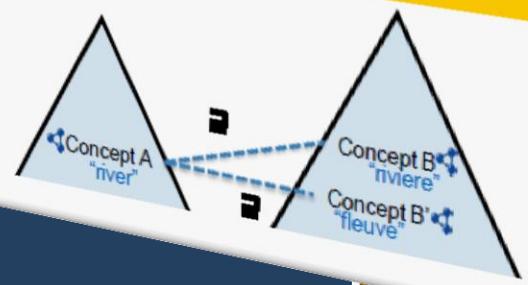
Data publishers and developers with basic acquaintance of RDF and LD who need to interlink data in different languages in the linked data cloud.

### Scope

The card review the different types of cross-lingual LD links. It does not discuss the methods/techniques needed to infer the links, but deals with representation mechanisms only. This cards extends the card "How to publish Linguistic Linked Data".

### Core concepts

Cross-lingual mappings can be established at two different levels: conceptual level and linguistic level. In the first case, links are



# Reference Architecture and Reference Cards

Certification

Benchmarking & Validation

Discovery

LLD Linking

LLD Publishing

Vocabularies

Hosting

Metadata

Licenses

**m**ulider

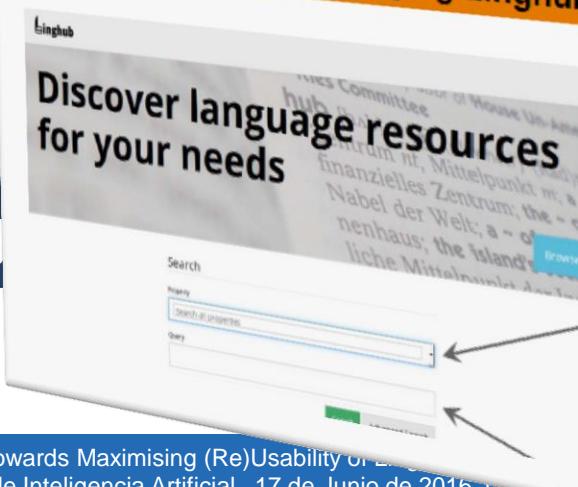
[www.lider-project.eu](http://www.lider-project.eu)

Standardization

## Discovering Language Resources with Linghub

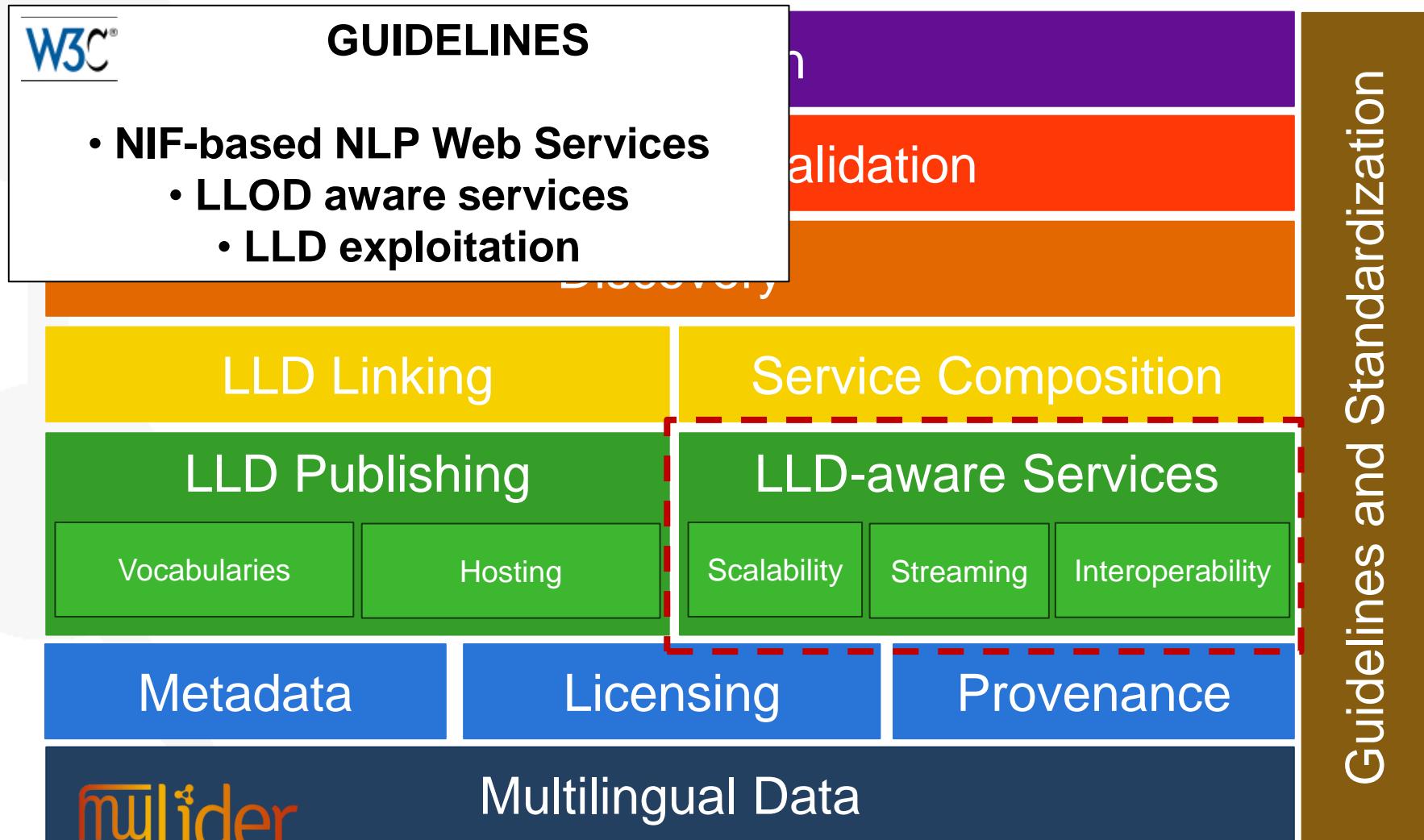
This card describes how you can discover language resources with Linghub. This card is intended for people who need a language resource for a given NLP task.

### Querying Linghub



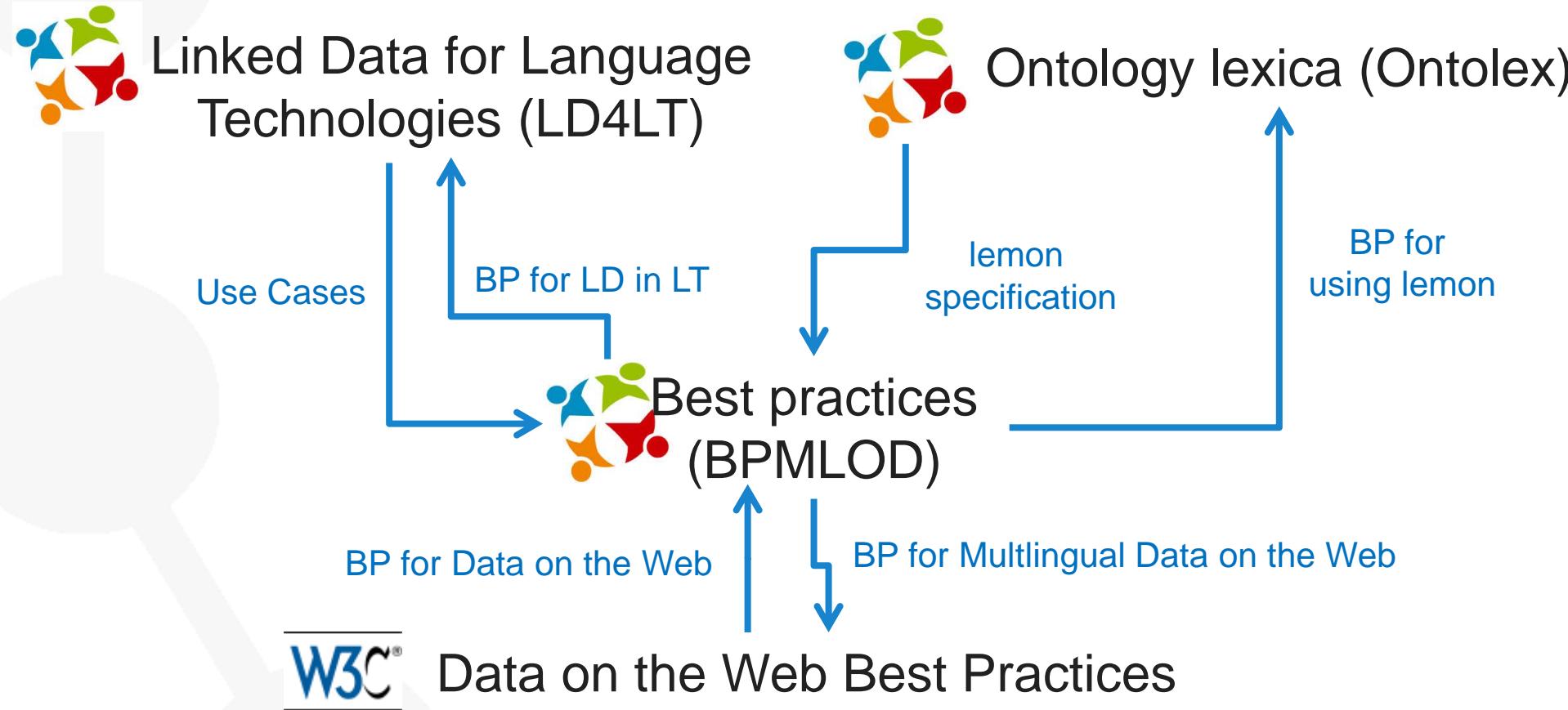
Select a  
property

# Reference Architecture and Reference Cards



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# Relation between W3C groups





**Open Data**

**Linked Open Data**

**Linguistic Linked Data**

**Linguistic Linked Licensed Data**

**Linguistic Linked Data permits multilingual Data Integration**



# Linked Data are multilingual

# Multilingual data integration

The screenshot shows a search interface for the ATOS-BNE-ES portal. The search term 'Athénée de Madrid' has been entered. Below the search bar, there are three main search results:

- Personas**: Shows a portrait of a man and links to 'Francisco de Goya: Los desastres de la guerra' and '3M obras / lista completa'.
- Obras**: Shows a painting of a woman in a white dress and links to 'Primera Guerra Mundial' and '500m temas / lista completa'.
- Temas**: Shows a map of Europe and links to 'BIBLIOTECA NACIONAL DE ESPAÑA' and 'BIBLIOTECA NACIONAL DE ESPAÑA'.

Multilingual  
complementary  
information

The screenshot shows the Wikipedia page for 'Athénée de Madrid'. The page title is 'Athénée de Madrid'. It includes a sidebar with links like 'Accueil', 'Portails thématiques', 'Aide', 'Connexion', 'Débuter sur Wikipedia', 'Aide', 'Community news', 'Faire un don', 'Imprimer l'aperçu', 'Créer un livre', 'Télécharger l'ensemble', 'Version imprimable', and 'Outlines'. The main content discusses the history of the institution, mentioning its creation in 1835 and its role in Spanish literature. It also features a photograph of the building's facade.

data.bnf.fr

(BnF) Bibliothèque nationale de France

data.bnf.fr

search data.bnf.fr

search results for "Athénée"

There were no results matching the query.  
You can also search Athénée de Madrid in:  
Le Catalogue général de la BnF  
La base BnF Archives et Manuscrits  
La bibliothèque numérique Gallica

The screenshot shows the search results for 'Athénée de Madrid' on data.bnf.fr. At the top, there is a search bar with the query 'Athénée de Madrid'. Below it, there are two tabs: 'FRENCH' and 'TRADUCTOR AL...'. A 'BUSCAR' button is also present. The results list shows one entry:

**Athénée de Madrid - Ateneo de Madrid - Athenee de Madrid**

Below the result, there is a brief description in French: 'L'Athénée de Madrid est une institution culturelle privée espagnole, créée en 1835 sous le nom d'Athénée scientifique et littéraire.' There are also sections for 'EN RELACION CON' and 'IS A LOCATION STATED IN'.

Linguistic Resources  
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Escuela de verano de Inteligencia Artificial, 17 de Junio de 2016, Carmona, Sevilla, Spain

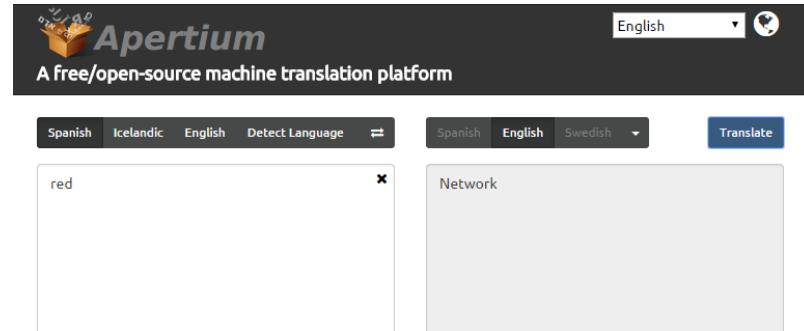
Language Resources  
The need of connecting licensed Language Resources  
Linked Data foundations  
Linguistic Linked Licensed Data  
Outcomes of the LIDER project

## THE APERTIUM RDF CASE AND THEIR LINKS



## Apertium Platform: Machine Translation.

> 40 bilingual dictionaries available in XML.

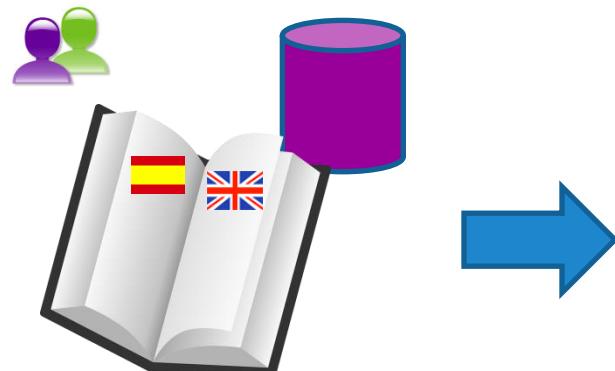


Afrikaans <-> Dutch  
Breton --> French  
Catalan <-> Italian  
Welsh <-> English  
Danish <-> Norwegian  
English <-> Catalan  
English <-> Spanish  
English <-> Galician  
Esperanto <-> Catalan  
Esperanto <-> English  
Esperanto <-> Spanish  
Esperanto <-> French  
Spanish <-> Aragonese  
Spanish <-> Asturian  
Spanish <-> Catalan  
Spanish <-> Galician

Spanish <-> Italian  
Spanish <-> Portuguese  
Spanish <-> Romanian  
Basque --> English  
Basque --> Spanish  
French <-> Catalan  
French <-> Spanish  
Serbo-Croatian <-> English  
Serbo-Croatian <-> Macedonian  
Serbo-Croatian <-> Slovenian  
Indonesian <-> Malaysian  
Icelandic <-> Swedish  
Icelandic --> English  
Kazakh <-> Tatar  
Macedonian <-> Bulgarian  
Macedonian --> English

Norwegian Nynorsk <-> Norwegian  
Bokmål  
Occitan <-> Catalan  
Occitan <-> Spanish  
Portuguese <-> Catalan  
Portuguese <-> Galician  
Northern Sami --> Norwegian  
Bokmål  
Swedish <-> Danish  
.....

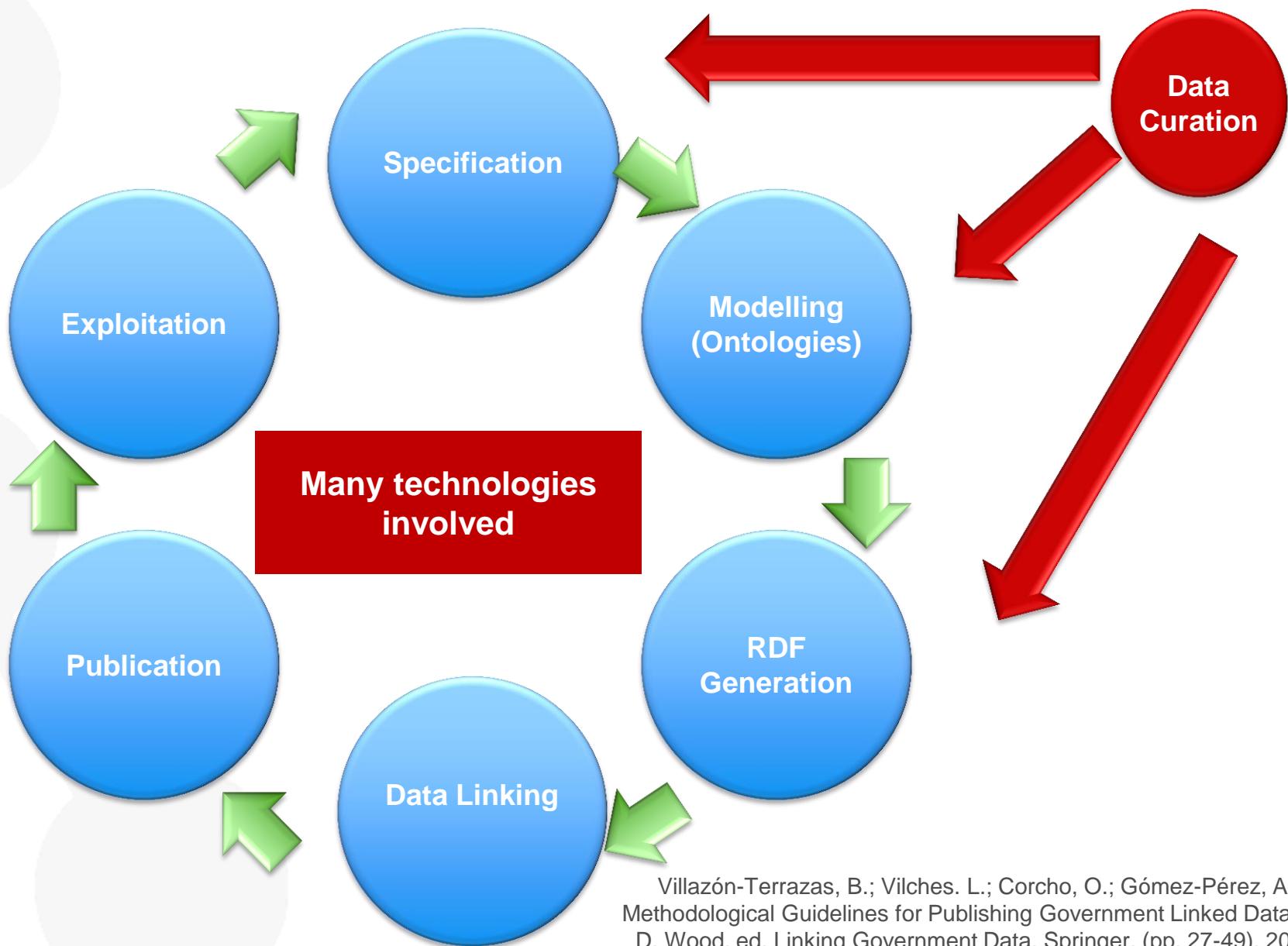
GOAL: to expose **translations** contained in bilingual dictionaries as **Linked Data** on the Web



Joint effort by



# Linked Data lifecycle



# Approach for Apertium RDF



Specification

Apertium LMF



Monolingual lexicons

Lexicon ES

Lexicon EN

Translation sets

Translation Set EN-ES

URI Design

# Apertium English lexicon:

<http://linguistic.linkeddata.es/id/apertium/lexiconEN>

# Apertium Spanish lexicon:

<http://linguistic.linkeddata.es/id/apertium/lexiconES>

# Apertium English-Spanish translation set:

<http://linguistic.linkeddata.es/id/apertium/tranSetEN-ES>

# Modelling: for each bilingual dictionary....

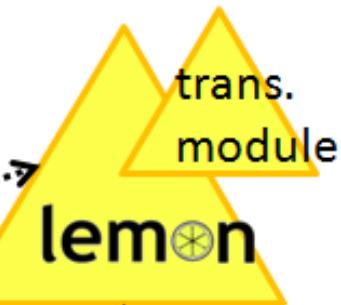
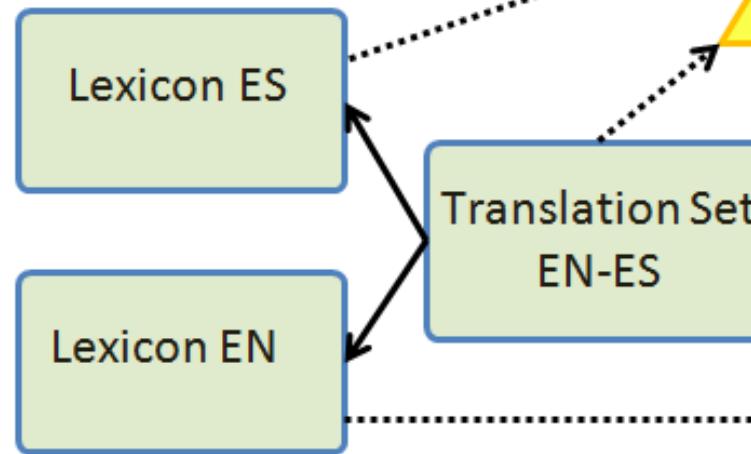
Specification

Modelling

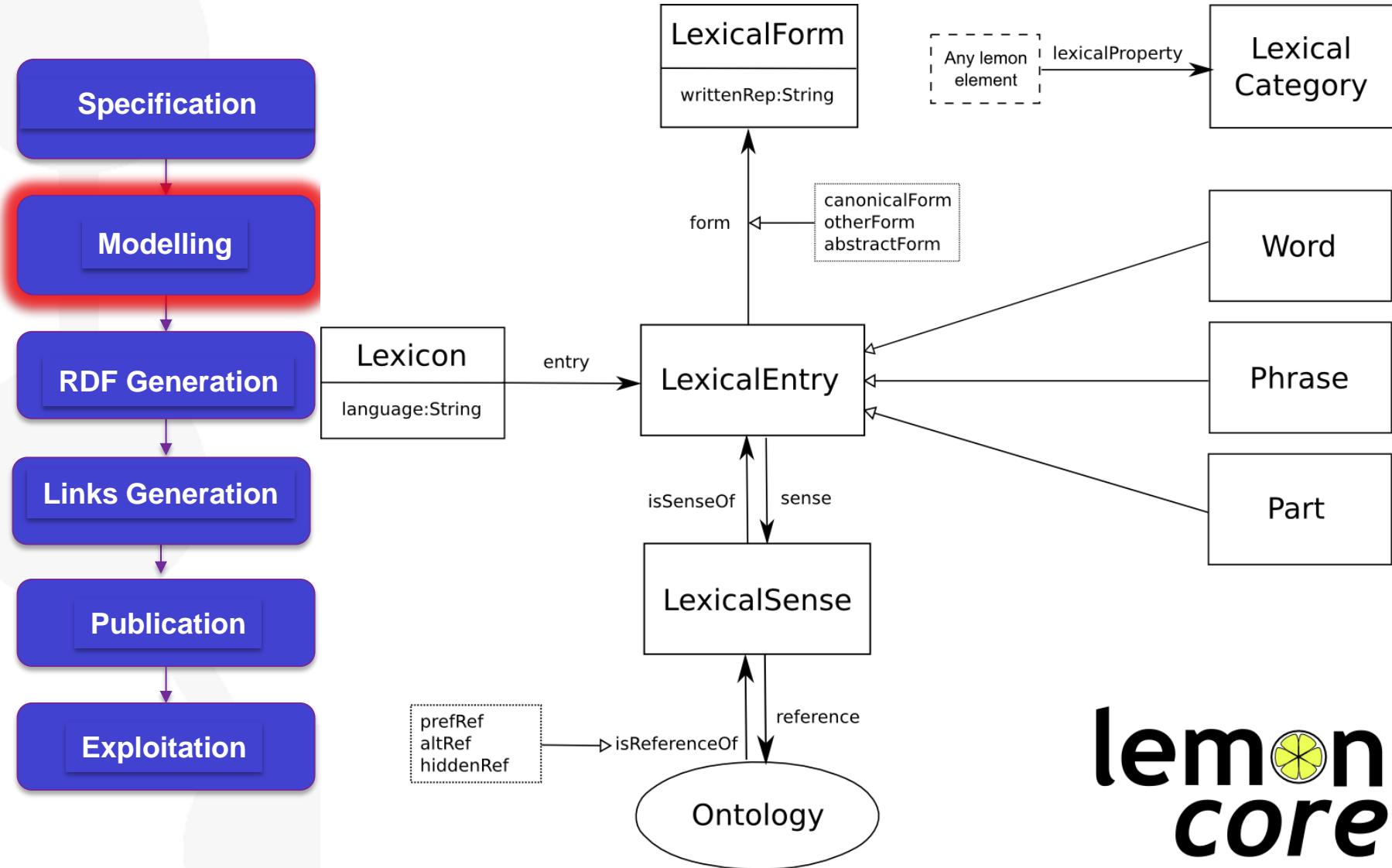
EN-ES dictionary



EN-ES RDF dictionary



# Modeling lexicons with Lemon

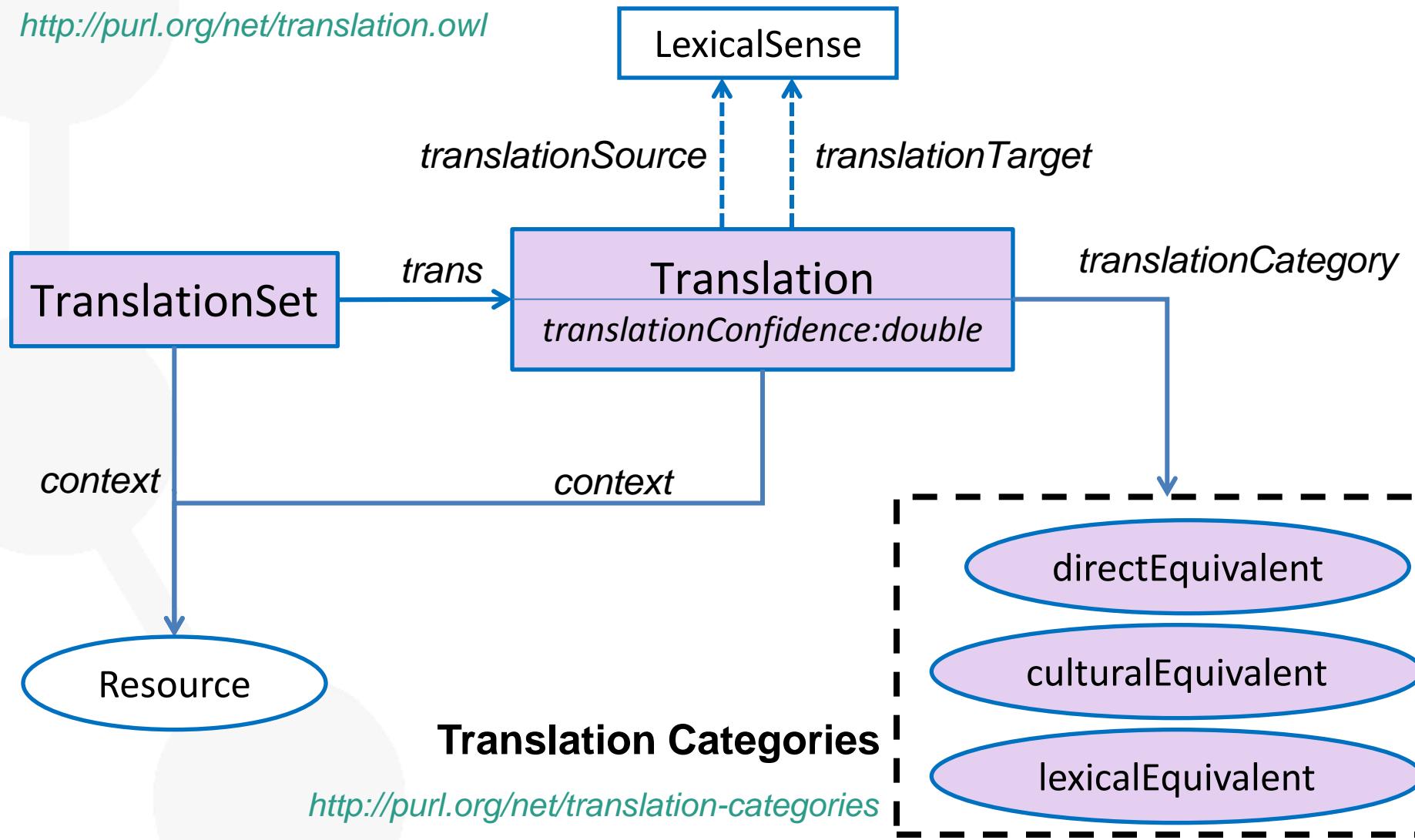


**lemon**  
**core**

# The translation module

## Translation Module

<http://purl.org/net/translation.owl>



# Modeling lexicons with Lemon

Specification

Modelling

lemon:lexicalForm

lemon:LexicalEntry

lemon:LexicalEntry

lemon:LexicalSense

lemon:isSenseOf

tr:translationSource

tr:Translation

tr:TranslationSet

translationSetEN-ES

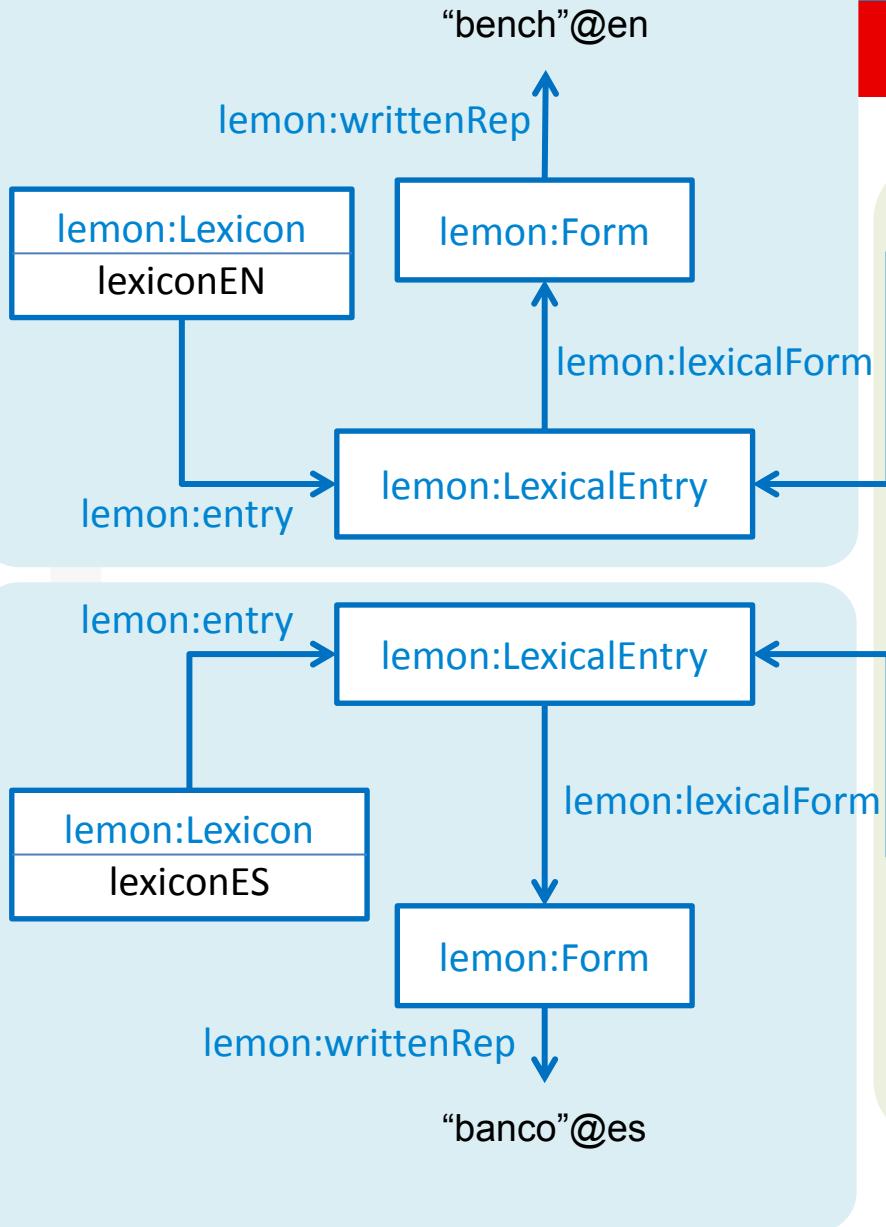
tr:trans

lemon:isSenseOf

tr:translationTarget

lemon:LexicalSense

# Translation example



Specification

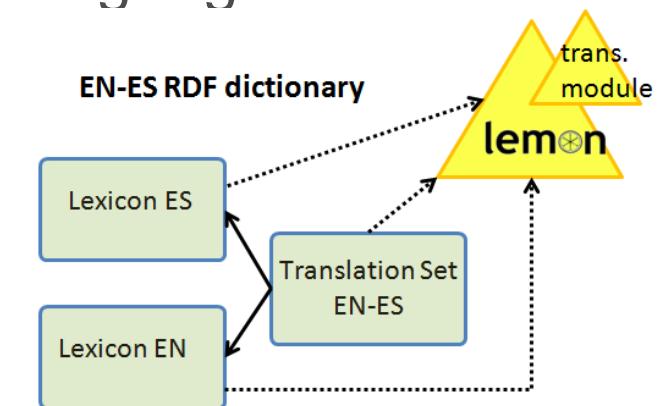
Modelling

RDF Generation

## RDF generation using Open Refine

For each bilingual dictionary:

1. Lexicon of the source language
2. Lexicon of the target
3. Translations



```
apertium:lexiconEN a lemon:Lexicon ;
dc:source <http://hdl.handle.net/10230/17110> .

...
apertium:lexiconEN lemon:entry apertium:lexiconEN/bench-n-en .

apertium:lexiconEN/bench-n-en a lemon:LexicalEntry ;
lemon:lexicalForm apertium:lexiconEN/bench-n-en-form ;
lexinfo:partOfSpeech lexinfo:noun .

apertium:lexiconEN/bench-n-en-form a lemon:Form ;
lemon:writtenRep "bench"@en .
```



# Apertium RDF: 22 generated datasets

Specification

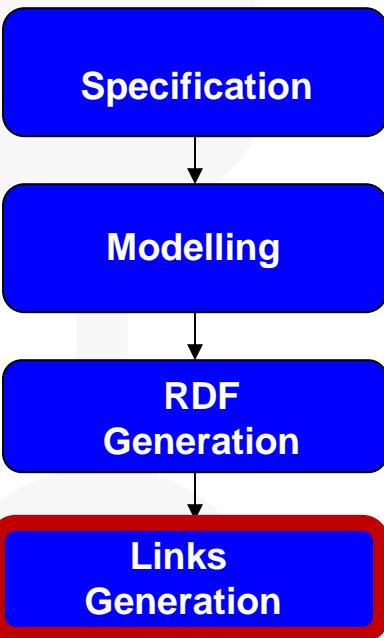
Modelling

RDF Generation

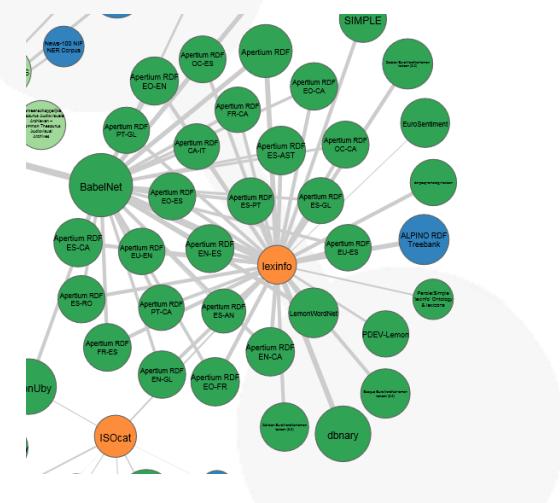
Lang. pair	# triples	# trans.	Lang. pair	# triples	# trans.
CA-IT	180,851	7,869	ES-GL	206,284	8,985
EN-CA	759,601	33,029	ES-PT	279,245	12,054
EN-ES	576,316	25,830	ES-RO	400,366	17,318
EN-GL	425,117	20,034	EU-ES	262,336	11,838
EO-CA	426,301	19,964	EU-EN	265,466	13,089
EO-EN	617,772	31,474	FR-CA	152,002	6,550
EO-ES	380,198	17,212	FR-ES	495,614	21,475
EO-FR	726,281	35,791	OC-CA	346,346	15,983
ES-AN	71,997	3,110	OC-ES	317,162	14,561
ES-AST	825,54	36,096	PT-CA	163,149	7,111
ES-CA	730,501	31,291	PT-GL	234,065	10,144



# Types of resources to be linked



1. Links between Apertium Bilingual dictionaries
2. Links with other resources in the Linguistic LOD
  1. Babelnet
  2. LexInfo
  3. Zhishi.me



# Linking with other Apertium RDF



Specification

Modelling

RDF Generation

Links Generation

Granted by  
URI Design

Apertium LMF



Monolingual lexicons

Lexicon ES

Lexicon EN

Lexicon EN

Lexicon CA

Translation sets

Translation Set EN-ES

Translation Set EN-CA

# Apertium English lexicon:

<http://linguistic.linkeddata.es/id/apertium/lexiconEN>

LexiconES

“ribera”@es



“orilla”@es



“banco”@es



TranslationSetEN-ES



LexiconEN

“bank”@en

“bench”@en

“banco”@pt

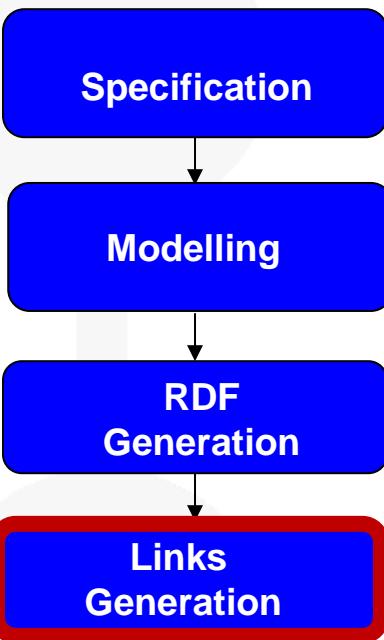


“orla”@pt

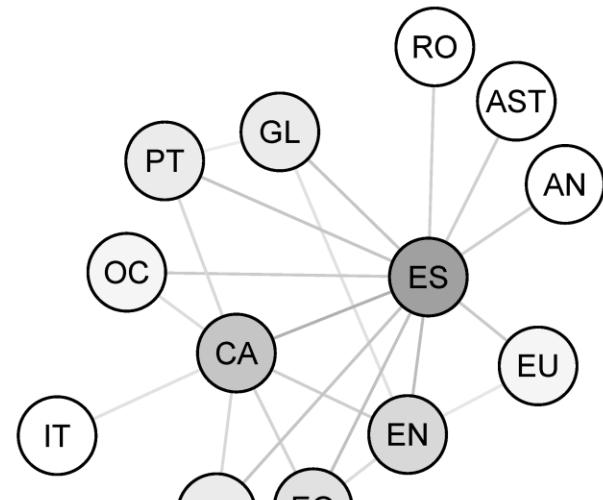
TranslationSetES-PT

LexiconPT

# Added value of linking Apertium



- Apertium RDF Graph



- Dijkstra algorithm to choose shortest path
- Indirect translations for “bank” EN-> ES -> PT

Pivot translation written repres.	Indirect translation written repres.
"banco"@es	"banco"@pt
"orilla"@es	"orla"@pt

# Links between Apertiums RDF and links with lexinfo

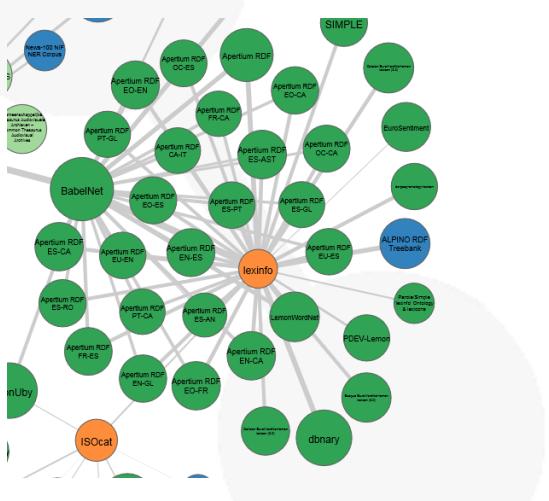
## Direct translations for “bank”@en

Specification

Modelling

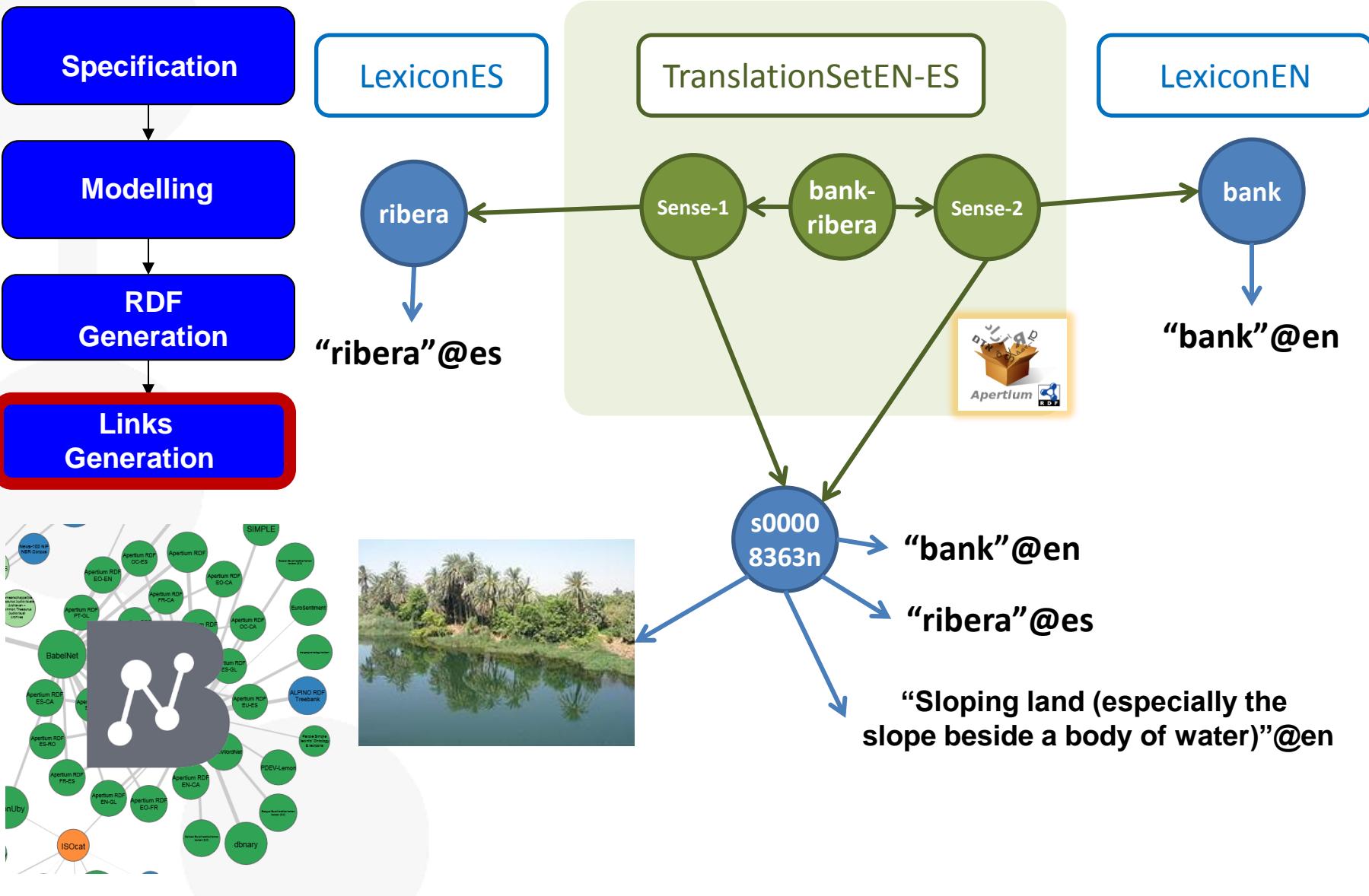
RDF Generation

Links Generation



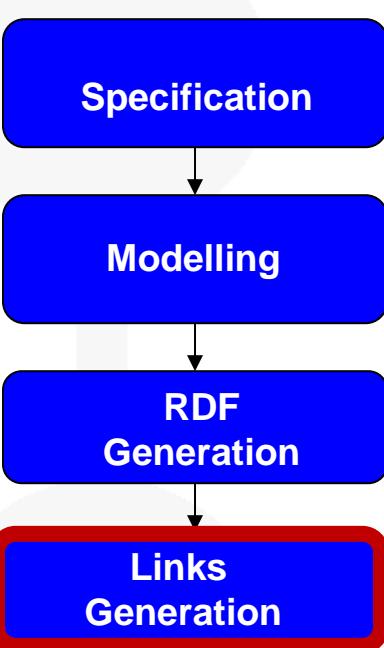
Translated written repr.	Part of Speech
"banc"@ca	<a href="http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun">http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun</a>
"riba"@ca	<a href="http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun">http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun</a>
"banco"@es	<a href="http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun">http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun</a>
"orilla"@es	<a href="http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun">http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun</a>
"ribera"@es	<a href="http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun">http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun</a>
"beira"@gl	<a href="http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun">http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun</a>
"banco"@gl	<a href="http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun">http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun</a>
"ourela"@gl	<a href="http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun">http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun</a>
"orela"@gl	<a href="http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun">http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun</a>
"banku"@eu	<a href="http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun">http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun</a>
"erribera"@eu	<a href="http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun">http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun</a>
"ertz"@eu	<a href="http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun">http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#noun</a>
"amuntregar"@ca	<a href="http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#verb">http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#verb</a>
"agolpar"@es	<a href="http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#verb">http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#verb</a>
"amontonar"@es	<a href="http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#verb">http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#verb</a>
"apelotonar"@es	<a href="http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#verb">http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#verb</a>
"hacinar"@es	<a href="http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#verb">http://www.lexinfo.net/ontology/2.0/lexinfo#verb</a>
....	...

# Linking Apertium with Babelnet using senses

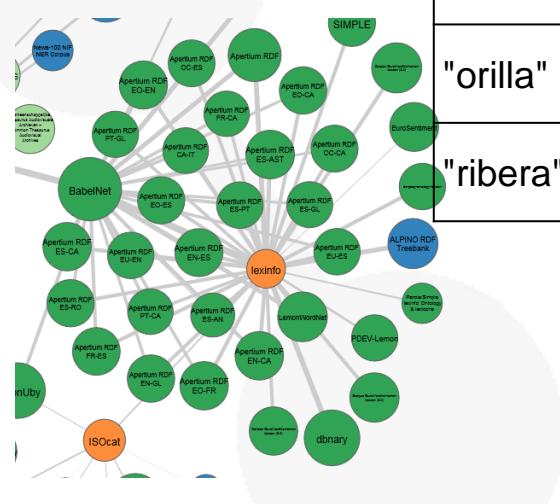


# Links between Apertiums RDF and links with Babelnet

Direct translations for “bank”@en

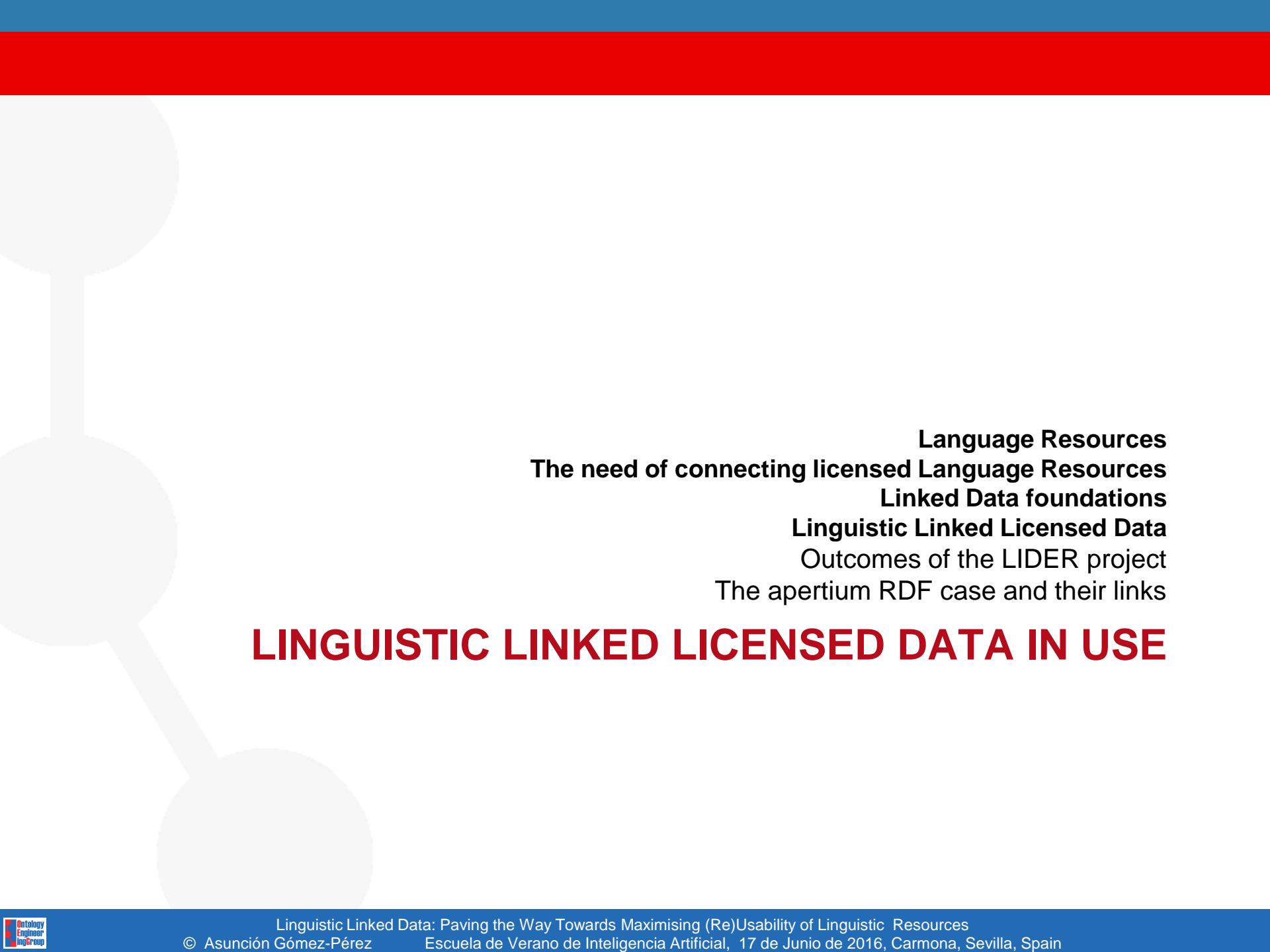


Translated Written Repr.	BabelSynset	BabelNet gloss
"banco" @es	<a href="http://babelnet.org/rdf/s00008371n">http://babelnet.org/rdf/s00008371n</a>	"A building in which the business of banking transacted"
"banco" @es	<a href="http://babelnet.org/rdf/s00008366n">http://babelnet.org/rdf/s00008366n</a>	"An arrangement of similar objects in a row or in tiers"
"banco" @es	<a href="http://babelnet.org/rdf/s15346085n">http://babelnet.org/rdf/s15346085n</a>	"An ocean bank, sometimes referred to as a fishing bank or simply bank, ..."
...	...	...
"orilla" @es	<a href="http://babelnet.org/rdf/s00008363n">http://babelnet.org/rdf/s00008363n</a>	"Sloping land (especially the slope beside a body of water)"
"ribera" @es	<a href="http://babelnet.org/rdf/s00008363n">http://babelnet.org/rdf/s00008363n</a>	"Sloping land (especially the slope beside a body of water)"



# Advantages of Apertium RDF

- Apertium data on the Web following SW standards
- Common entry point for all the Apertium dictionaries
- Unique graph that contains direct and indirect translations
- Linked with BabelNet



**Language Resources**  
**The need of connecting licensed Language Resources**  
**Linked Data foundations**  
**Linguistic Linked Licensed Data**  
**Outcomes of the LIDER project**  
**The apertium RDF case and their links**

## **LINGUISTIC LINKED LICENSED DATA IN USE**

# Multilingual search: retrieve an author

- Servantes Saavedra, Migel
- Therbantes, Minkel nte
- **Cervantes di Saavedra, Michele**
- سرفنتس ساڤدرا، میجیل دی
- Zerbantes eta Saabedra, Mikel
- Θερβάντες, Μιγκέλ ντε
- Cervantes
- Sirfantis Saafedrā, Mīgīl dī
- Сервантес Сааведра, Мигель де
- Sewantisi Saweidelal, Migai'er de
- 塞万提斯·萨维德拉, 米盖尔 德
- Cervantes, Miguel de



# Multilingual Search

Buscar una persona, grupo, entidad, el título de una obra o un revista. Tú es la voz de Vivaldi, Oh La, Grupo o WhatsApp, Jerez.

Cervantes Saavedra, Miguel de (1547-1616)

Miguel de Cervantes Saavedra fue un soldado, novelista, poeta y dramaturgo español. Supónese que nació el 29 de septiembre de 1547 en Alcalá de Henares y murió el 22 de abril de 1616 en Madrid, poco después de las 23 de la noche popularmente conocida en honor a su muerte como la de su muerto. Es considerado la máxima figura de la literatura española. Es universalmente recordado, sobre todo por haber escrito El ingenioso hidalgo Don Quijote de la Mancha, que ha sido más tarde un clásico tanto de la cultura moderna y una de las obras más leídas de la literatura universal. Se le ha dado el sobrenombre de Príncipe de los Ingenios.

Información tomada de Wikipedia



En la BNE



Sus obras

<a href="#">Don Quijote de la Mancha</a> [23 en biblioteca]	<a href="#">Misterio de la casa del</a> [23 en biblioteca]	<a href="#">Don Quijote de la Mancha. Parte primera</a> [23 en biblioteca]	<a href="#">El ingenioso hidalgo Don Quijote de la Mancha</a> [23 en biblioteca]
<a href="#">El escorial</a> [27 en biblioteca]	<a href="#">Los trabajos de Persiles y</a> [27 en biblioteca]	<a href="#">Relaciones</a> [27 en biblioteca]	<a href="#">Relaciones</a> [27 en biblioteca]
<a href="#">Novelas de la India</a> [27 en biblioteca]	<a href="#">La galatea</a> [27 en biblioteca]	<a href="#">Relaciones con Flandes</a> [27 en biblioteca]	
<a href="#">La galatea</a> [27 en biblioteca]	<a href="#">La Galatea</a> [27 en biblioteca]	<a href="#">La Galatea</a> [27 en biblioteca]	<a href="#">La Galatea</a> [27 en biblioteca]

... 1 de 100

Otras sobre la persona

<a href="#">Misterio de la casa del</a> [23 en biblioteca]	<a href="#">La Galatea en la India</a> [27 en biblioteca]	<a href="#">Relaciones con Flandes</a> [27 en biblioteca]	<a href="#">Relaciones con Flandes</a> [27 en biblioteca]
<a href="#">Miguel Cervantes Saavedra</a> [27 en biblioteca]	<a href="#">La Galatea</a> [27 en biblioteca]	<a href="#">Relaciones con Flandes</a> [27 en biblioteca]	<a href="#">Relaciones con Flandes</a> [27 en biblioteca]
<a href="#">Miguel Cervantes Saavedra</a> [27 en biblioteca]	<a href="#">La Galatea</a> [27 en biblioteca]	<a href="#">Relaciones con Flandes</a> [27 en biblioteca]	<a href="#">Relaciones con Flandes</a> [27 en biblioteca]

DATOS.BNE.es \*beta

Inicio

Personas Obras Temas Ayuda

塞万提斯·萨维德拉, 米盖尔 德

Cervantes di Saavedra, Michele

Filtrar por tipo (2 resultados)

1 Obras 1 Personas

L 3 Ediciones

2 de 2

Cervantes Saavedra, Miguel de  
(1547-1616)

Miguel de Cervantes Saavedra fue un soldado, novelista, poeta y dramaturgo español. Supónese que nació el 29 de septiembre de 1547 en Alcalá de Henares y murió el 22 de abril de 1616 en ...



Il comune di Napoli e il Comitato promotore delle onoranze a Cervantes si pregiano invitare la E.V. alle ceremonie che avranno luogo il 2 maggio 1959 in occasione dello scoprimento della lapide ...

2 maggio 1959

Obras

Obras destacadas

Don Quijote de la Mancha

# Multilingual Linked Data Integration

- Search a book in Spanish about the “Athénee de Madrid”

The screenshot shows a French Wikipedia page for "Athénée de Madrid". The page title is "Athénée de Madrid". A note at the top states: "Cet article est une ébauche concernant la ville de Madrid. Vous pouvez partager vos connaissances en l'améliorant (comment ?) selon les recommandations des projets correspondants." Below this, there is a section titled "Contexte historique" with text about the history of the institution. To the right of the text is a photograph of the facade of the Athénée de Madrid building.

# Linguistic Linked Data allows Multilingual data integration

The screenshot shows a search interface for the ATOS-BNE-ES portal. The search term 'Athénée de Madrid' has been entered. Below the search bar, there are several search results listed:

- 1. Athénée de Madrid - Wikipedia (link)
- 2. Athénée de Madrid - BNE (link)
- 3. Athénée de Madrid - BnF (link)
- 4. Athénée de Madrid - Google Books (link)
- 5. Athénée de Madrid - Google Images (link)
- 6. Athénée de Madrid - Google Scholar (link)
- 7. Athénée de Madrid - Google Translate (link)
- 8. Athénée de Madrid - Google Images (link)
- 9. Athénée de Madrid - Google Books (link)
- 10. Athénée de Madrid - Google Images (link)

Multilingual  
complementary  
information

The screenshot shows the Wikipedia page for 'Athénée de Madrid'. The page title is 'Athénée de Madrid'. The main content discusses the history of the institution, mentioning its creation in 1835 under the name 'Athénée scientifique et littéraire' (Atheneo Científico y Literario). It also notes the transfer of the library to Llorente after the fall of Ferdinand VII. A photograph of the facade of the building is shown on the right.

data.bnf.fr

(BnF) Bibliothèque nationale de France

data.bnf.fr

search data.bnf.fr

search results for "Athénée"

There were no results matching the query.  
You can also search Athénée de Madrid in:  
Le Catalogue général de la BnF  
La base BnF Archives et Manuscrits  
La bibliothèque numérique Gallica

The screenshot shows the search results for 'Athénée de Madrid' on data.bnf.fr. The results are displayed in a grid format:

- 1. Athénée de Madrid - Wikipedia (link)
- 2. Athénée de Madrid - BNE (link)
- 3. Athénée de Madrid - BnF (link)
- 4. Athénée de Madrid - Google Books (link)
- 5. Athénée de Madrid - Google Images (link)
- 6. Athénée de Madrid - Google Scholar (link)
- 7. Athénée de Madrid - Google Translate (link)
- 8. Athénée de Madrid - Google Images (link)
- 9. Athénée de Madrid - Google Books (link)
- 10. Athénée de Madrid - Google Images (link)

Below the grid, there is a summary of the search results:

El Ateneo de Madrid es una institución cultural privada ubicada en la capital de España, creada en 1835 como Ateneo Científico y Literario.

linguistic Resources  
17 de Junio de 2016, Carmona, Sevilla, Spain

- Search translation in other languages



BabelNet

- Diccionario
- Imágenes
- Traducciones
- Fuentes
- Categorías
- Enlaces externos

EN RELACIÓN CON:

Jesús Blázquez  
Traité de Valençay  
The Disasters of War   
Supreme Central and G...

athénée de madrid

FRENCH TRADUCIR AL... BUSCAR

French Arabic Chinese English German Greek Hebrew Hindi Italian

Japanese Russian Spanish - Cerrar los idiomas preferidos

---

bn:02435567n • SUSTANTIVO • Entidad nombrada • Categorías:  
Fondation en 1835, Culture à Madrid, Culture espagnole

## Athénée de Madrid · Ateneo de Madrid · Athenee de Madrid

L'Athénée de Madrid est une institution culturelle privée espagnole, créée en 1835 sous le nom d'Athénée scientifique et littéraire.

IS A	Cultural institutions
LOCATION	Madrid • Espagne
STATED IN	MusicBrainz

A través de la traducción automática תרגם דת ateneo

No definition available

IS A Cultural institutions

## Ateneo de Madrid · Ateneo Científico y Literario de Madrid · Ateneo Científico y Literario de Madrid · Ateneo madrileño · Ateneo madrileño

El Ateneo de Madrid es una institución cultural privada ubicada en la capital de

# Expand the information based on language



Buscar una persona, grupo, entidad, el título de una obra o un tema. Ej.: Leonardo da Vinci, ONU, Grapes of Wrath, Aztecas

## Ciudades antiguas

Término aceptado Ciudades antiguas

Usado por Ciudades--Habsburg

Término relacionado Ciudades y pueblos desaparecidos  
Geografía antigua

Término equivalente en otros vocabularios <http://id.loc.gov/authorities/subjects/n85026143>

Información encontrada (Villes anciennes)  
(Ciudades antiguas)  
(Cities and towns, Ancient)

Fuente consultada CSIC  
RAMÉAU  
LCSH

## Obras

Castillos en el aire  
Azara, Pedro  
(1 versión)

Ciudades antiguas en la historia  
Ferrera Comesaña, Antonia  
(1 versión)

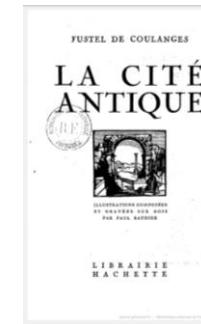
Die stadt im altertum  
Kohl, Frank  
(1 versión)

**"La cité antique" @fr**

Introduction à l'urbanisme  
Poëte, Marcel  
(1 versión)

La Cité antique  
Fustel de Coulanges  
(1 versión)

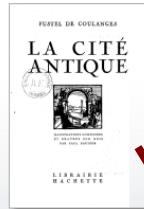
La città antica  
Levi, Maria Auxilia  
(1 versión)



(BnF Bibliothèque nationale de France [data.bnf.fr](http://data.bnf.fr)  rechercher dans data.bnf.fr

### La cité antique

Numa Denis Fustel de Coulanges (1830-1889)



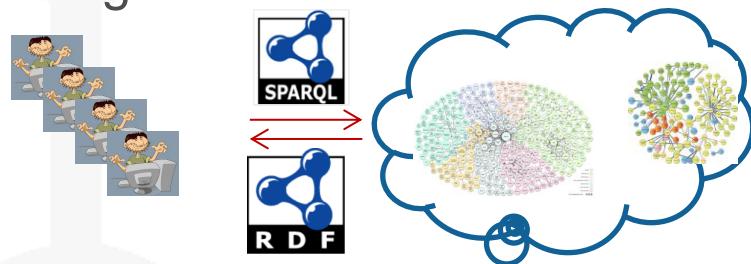
Langue : français  
Date : 1864  
Note : Ouvrage d'histoire antique, en 5 livres  
Domaines : Archéologie. Préhistoire. Histoire ancienne

[Éditions de l'œuvre \(21 documents\)](#) [Documents à propos de cette œuvre](#) [Pages dans data.bnf.fr \(2 pages\)](#) [Sources et références](#)

*Digital resource available*

# Uses and Users of Linked Data

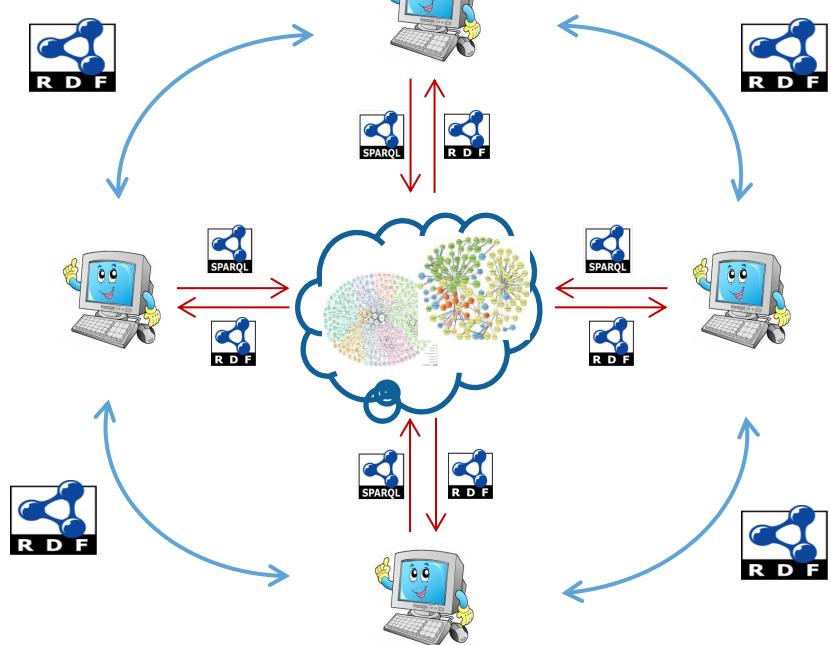
1. Programmers built applications making queries in SPARQL and get RDF



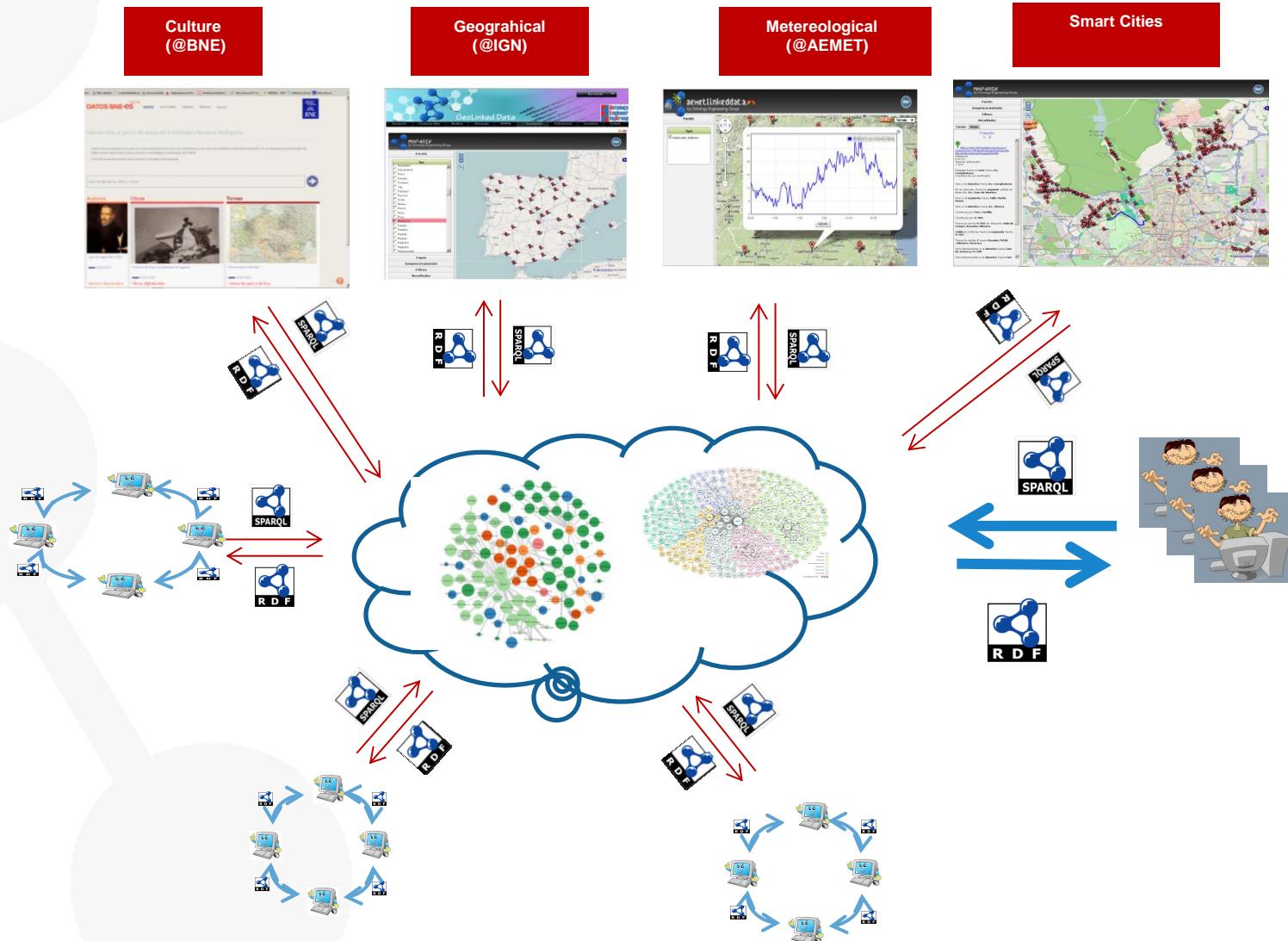
2. Citizens/Users access LD through a user interface (they do not see RDF)

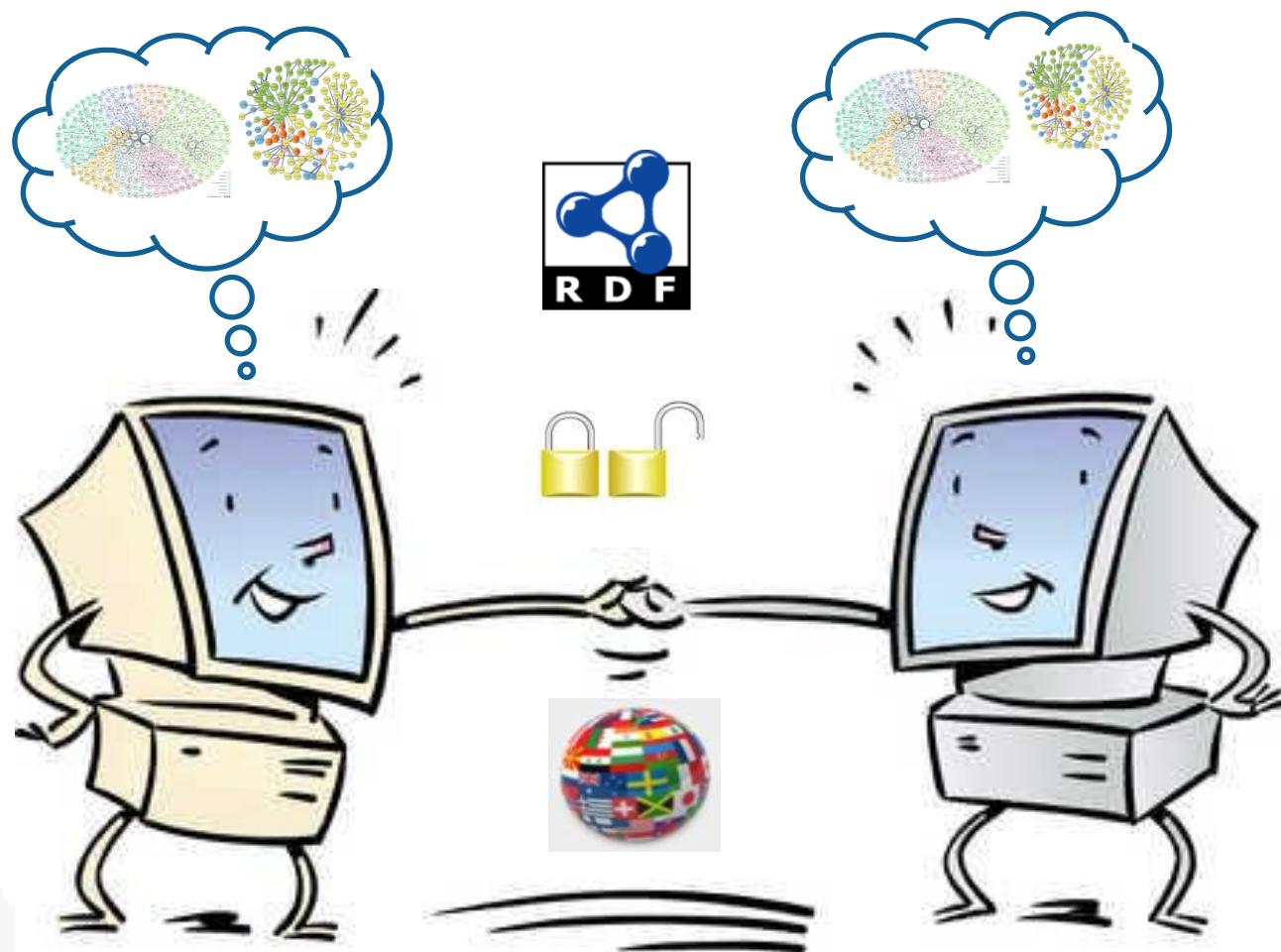


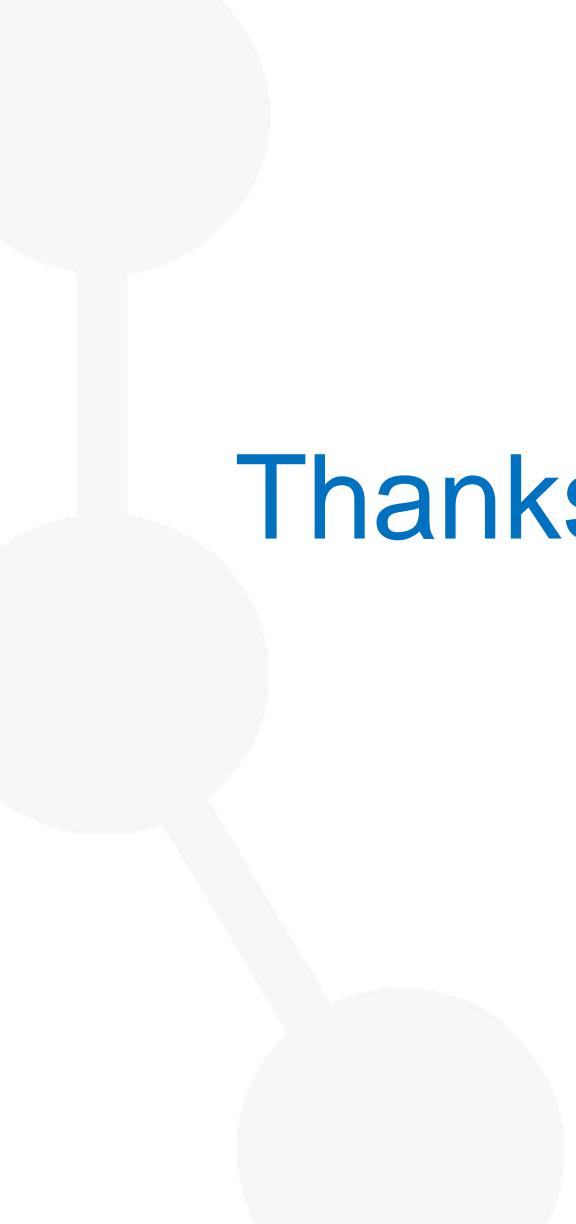
3. Machine – Machine data exchange and semantic interoperability in RDF



# The new Linked Data Ecosystem







# Thanks for your attention !